

iSMA MINI and MIX Series

I/O Modules

User Manual

Modbus



Global Control 5 S.A.
Warsaw, Poland
www.globalcontrol5.com

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1 Introduction

1.1 Revision History

Rev	Date	Description
1.0	2015.08.28	First edition
1.1	2016.02.01	<p>Reason for the creation of a new version of the document:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• In 12.2015 GC5, released a new hardware version of MIX module with a more powerful processor and a USB port. For this hardware, and for all MINI series devices, we released 4.0 firmware which contains a bug fix, firmware improvements, and a rebuilt BACnet protocol (new object, COV).• As of 2016, all the modules purchased are equipped with improved versions of the relays, which allows for increasing the capacitive load. Details of the technical specifications added.• Note: This document was created for devices with firmware version 4.0 and above. For previous firmware version please read Modbus Manual version 1.0.• Changes in the Document:• Information about the capacitive load relay added to the technical specifications.• Information about load Triac Outputs added to the technical specifications.• Description of the new MINI module 4x Triac Outputs: 4TO-H and 4TO-H-IP added.• MINI - 4I40-H and 4I40-H-IP Module built-in application: Change of logic in the Time relay mode. Now, the timer counts from the falling edge (it used to start counting from the rising edge).• New gateway functionality blocking Send Modbus Error.• Tables with PT1000 and NI1000 updated with more accurate data with new FW measuring resistance at these sensors with the accuracy of 0.1 Ω.
1.2	2017.01.03	<p>Reason for the creation of a new version of the document:</p> <p>New functions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• New HVAC functions: Heating and Cooling in 4U4O, based on output thermostatic control with a setpoint and differential value setting;• New input mode for 4I40 added: Time Relay NC [ms], Time Relay NO and NC in seconds, Input Forwarding;• New input mode added for 4U4O: Ordinary IO, Monostable Relay, Bistable Relay, Time Relay NO and NC [ms], Time Relay NO and NC in seconds, Input Forwarding, Heating, Cooling with corresponding BACnet objects and Modbus registers;• Output for resetting to default added after input mode change in 4U4O and 4I40; <p>Improvements:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Improved BACnet COV Increment now can have values with the resolution of 0.1;• BACnet COV Increment access (read/write) through USB added;• Power Led added, flashing when the IO watchdog is triggered;• IO watchdog reset after read/write registers through USB modified;• Sensors added for detecting short circuit and disconnection, regardless of filter settings on universal inputs; <p>Bugs fixed:</p>

		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fixed bug with Stop bits, it was always 1;
1.3	2017.05.16	<p>Reason for the creation of a new version of the document:</p> <p>New functions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hardware Version information on the main tab on the web page and in the Modbus register added • new action in Modbus register no 0 – enter the bootloader • RS485 biasing control added for MINI IP modules with hardware version >= 2.0 • www page: RS485 Biasing Resistors activating option (appears only in MINI modules with hardware >= 2.0) <p>Improvements:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • modules names on web page corrected (added -H for all modules with hand operation switches)
1.4	2017.12.07	<p>The reason for the creation of a new version of the document: On 07.12.2017, GC5 released a new firmware version 6.0 for MIX and MINI modules. New firmware contains a bug fix, improvements and changes in BACnet protocol, according to BACnet Testing Laboratories certification requirements.</p> <p>New functions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Firmware Version 6.0 released with BACnet certification <p>Improvements:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • fixed out of service flags in AO, BO and TO • fixed overridden flags in AO, BO and TO • fixed bug with number of counters for Binary input object (now variable is 32 bit) • changed AO-1, BO-1, TO-1 HAND_STATUS Access to read-only <p>changed resistance table for 2.2K3A1 sensor</p>
1.5	2018.10.05	<p>The reason for the creation of a new version of the document:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Corrections of typing errors in the text • Added imperial unit of measure
1.6	19.02.2020	<p>The reason for the creation of a new version of the document:</p> <p>New functions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • New temperature sensors implemented in Celsius and Fahrenheit degrees • New Modbus function 0x17 Read/Write Multiple registers • New Modbus function 0x2B to read the VENDOR_NAME, MODEL_NAME, FW_VERSION, HOMEPAGE • Supporting Modbus address 0xFF for communication with the gateway (IP module) <p>Improvements:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Improved filtering on UI • Fixed one record in sensor 30k6A1 table –resistance 60713 to 80713 (5°C)
1.7	2020.10.13	<p>The reason for the creation of a new version of the document:</p> <p>Improvements:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Introduced an option to disable web server access by changing the HTTP port to 0; • Corrected summary table for all modules; • Updated information about biasing resistors in MIX modules; • General improvements and bugfixes.

Table 1. Revision history

1.2 Safety Rules

- Note: Incorrect wiring of this product can damage it and lead to other hazards. Make sure the product has been correctly wired before turning the power ON.
- Before wiring, or removing/mounting the product, be sure to turn the power OFF. Failure to do so might result in electric shock.
- Do not touch electrically charged parts, such as the power terminals. Doing so may result in electric shock.
- Do not disassemble the product. Doing so may result in electric shock or faulty operation.
- Use the product within the operating ranges recommended in the specification (temperature, humidity, voltage, shock, mounting direction, atmosphere etc.). Failure to do so might result in fire or faulty operation.
- Tighten the wires firmly to the terminal. Insufficient tightening of the wires to the terminal might cause a fire.

	Resistance measurement method	Voltage divider
	Dry contact input	Output current ~1 mA
	Measurement resolution	12-bit (default) or 16-bits
	Processing time	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 10 ms/channel at 12-bits • 140 ms/channel at 16-bits
Digital Inputs	Type	Dry contact
	Max input frequency	100 Hz save in EEPROM memory
Analog Outputs	Voltage range	0-10 V DC
	Max. load current	20 mA, total 60mA load current for all outputs for MIX18, MIX18-IP, MIX38, MIX38-IP modules
	Resolution	12-bit
	Accuracy	± 0.5%
Digital Outputs (relays)	Contact material	AgSnO ₂
		UL compliant ratings
	Resistive load AC1	3 A @ 24 V AC 3 A @ 30 V DC
	Inductive load AC3	8 VA @ 24 V AC 30 W @ 30 V DC
	Capacitive load	50 W @ LED + PS 230 VAC 100 W @ fluorescent lamps with electronic ballast 75 W @ CFL Compact fluorescent lamp
	Contact material	AgSnO ₂
Digital Outputs (relays) 40-H and 40-H-IP		UL compliant ratings
	Resistive load AC1	8 A @ 230 V AC 8 A @ 30 V DC
	Inductive load AC3	37 VA@ 230 V AC 90 W @ 30 V DC
	Capacitive load	180 W @ CFL Compact fluorescent lamp 120 W @ LED + PS 230 V AC 240 W @ fluorescent lamps with electronic ballast
	Continuous load per channel	0.5 A @ 20 V AC up to max. 250 V AC
Triac Outputs	Peak load per channel	1.5 A @ 20 V AC up to max. 250 V AC (30s)
	Gate Control	Zero crossing turn ON
	Frequency Range	47 to 63 Hz
	Snubber	Snubberless Triac

RS485 Interface	RS485	Up to 128 devices
	Communication protocols	Modbus RTU, Modbus ASCII or BACnet set by switch
	Baud rate	From 2400 to 115200 set by switch
	Address	0 to 99 set by switch
Ethernet	MIX18-IP, MIX38-IP	
	2x Fast Ethernet	Switch mode
	Baud rate	10/100 Mb/s
	8I-IP, 8U-IP, 4I4O-H-IP, 4U4O-H-IP, 4U4A-H-IP, 4O-H-IP, TO-H-IP	
	1x Fast Ethernet	IP Interface
	Baud rate	10/100 Mb/s
USB	USB	Mini USB 2.0
Ingress protection	IP	IP40
Temperature	Storage	-40°C to +85°C (-40°F to 185°F)
	Operating	-10°C to +50°C (14°F to 122°F)
Humidity	Relative	5% to 95%
Connectors	Type	Removable
	Maximum cable size	2.5 mm ² (18 – 12 AWG)
	Maximum tightening torque	0,35 Nm
	MIX18, MIX18-IP	
Dimensions	Width	110 mm (4.331 in)
	Length	88 mm (3.4646 in)
	Height	62 mm (2.441 in)
MIX38, MIX38-IP		
	Width	110 mm (4.331 in)
	Length	160 mm (6.2993 in)
	Height	62 mm (2.441 in)
MINI Series		
	Width	110 mm (4.331 in)
	Length	37 mm (1.457 in)
	Height	62 mm (2.441 in)

Table 1 Technical specifications

1.4 Summary Table for All Modules

Module type	UI	DI	AO	DO	TO	Modbus RTU / ASCII	Modbus TCP/IP	BACnet MS/TP	BACnet IP
4I4O-H		4		4		✓		✓	
4I4O-H-IP		4		4			✓		✓
4O-H				4 (NC/NO-8A)		✓		✓	
4O-H-IP				4 (NC/NO-8A)			✓		✓
4U4A-H	4		4			✓		✓	
4U4A-H-IP	4		4				✓		✓
4U4O-H	4			4		✓		✓	
4U4O-H-IP	4			4			✓		✓
8I		8				✓		✓	
8I-IP		8					✓		✓
8U	8					✓		✓	
8U-IP	8						✓		✓
4TO-H					4	✓		✓	
4TO-H-IP					4		✓		✓
MIX18	5	5	4	4		✓		✓	
MIX18-IP	5	5	4	4			✓		✓
MIX38	8	12	6	12		✓		✓	
MIX38-IP	8	12	6	12			✓		✓
						RS485 Slave	Modbus Gateway IP/RS485 (works only as a master on RS485 network)	RS485 Master Slave	Modbus Gateway IP/RS485 (works only as a master on RS485 network)

Table 2. Summary table for all modules

1.5 Dimensions

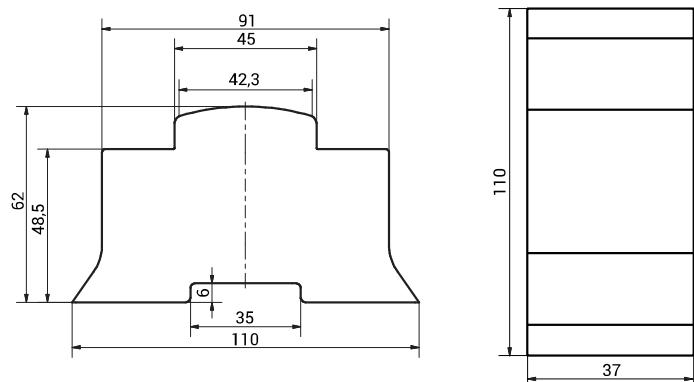


Figure 1. MINI series dimensions

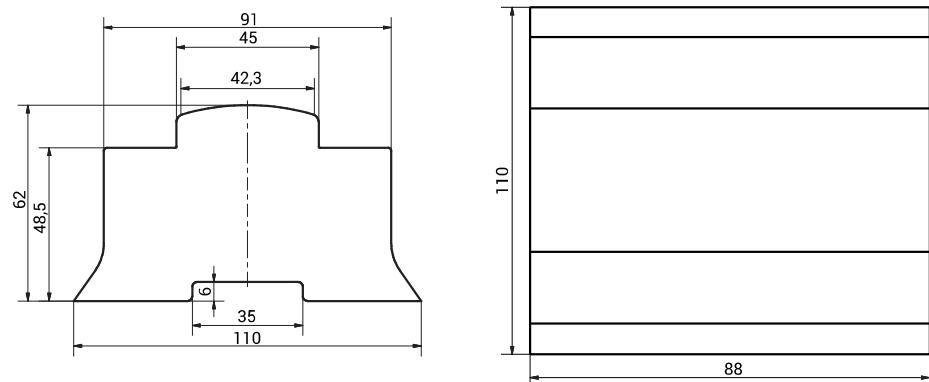


Figure 2. MIX18 and MIX18-IP dimensions

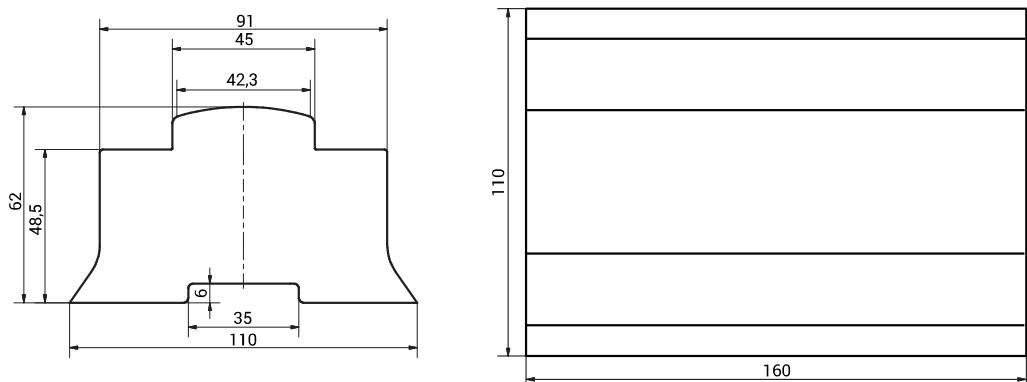


Figure 3. MIX38 and MIX38-IP dimensions

1.6 Power Supply Connection

1.6.1 DC Power Connection

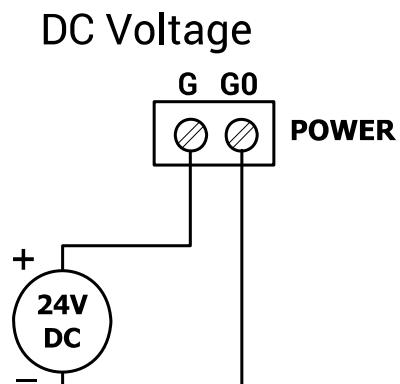


Figure 4. DC power supply connection

1.6.2 AC Power Connection

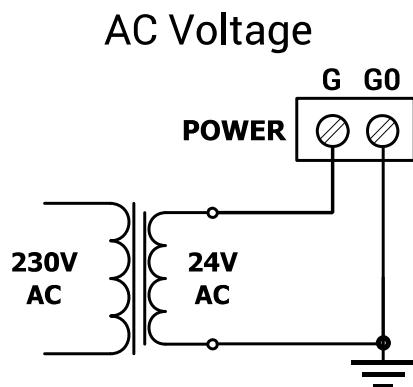


Figure 5. AC power supply connection

1.7 Connecting the Communication Bus (RS485)

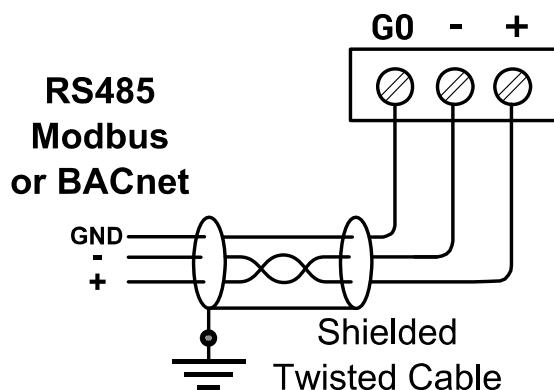


Figure 6. RS485 connection

- The power LED is ON (green) when the module runs properly.
- Communication LED is ON (orange) for 20 ms after sending each message.
If the module receives/sends a lot of messages, LED can be lit continuously.
- LEDs indicating the status of the Universal Inputs are lit when the resistance connected to the input is less than 5 kΩ (Dry Contact input is active).

WARNING! The LED also lights up when the voltage connected to the input has a very low potential.

- LEDs indicating the status of the digital inputs are lit when the input is active.
LEDs indicating the status of the analog outputs are lit when the output voltage or PWM factor is different from 0.
- LEDs indicating the status of the digital outputs are lit when the output is enabled.

1.9 Grounding and Shielding

In most cases, I/O modules will be installed in an enclosure along with other devices which generate electromagnetic radiation. Relays, contactors, transformers, motor invertors etc. are the examples of these devices. Radiation can induce electrical noise into both power and signal lines, as well as direct radiation into the module causing negative effects for the system. Appropriate grounding, shielding and other protective steps should be taken at the installation stage to prevent these effects. These protective steps include control cabinet grounding, cable shield grounding, using protective elements for electromagnetic switching devices, correct wiring, and choosing the cables of proper type and cross-section.

1.10 RS485 Network Termination

Transmission line effects often present a problem in data communication networks. These problems include reflections and signal attenuation.

To eliminate the presence of reflections from the end of the cable, it must be terminated at both ends with a resistor across the line, in accordance with its characteristic impedance. Both ends must be terminated since the direction of propagation is bidirectional. In case of an RS485 twisted pair cable, this termination is typically 120 Ω.

1.11 Setting Module Address on Modbus Network

To determine the address on the Modbus network, the module is equipped with two rotary switches, S1 and S2, located on the top panel of the device.

It is possible to set the device address from 0 to 99.

The address is set with the following formula:

$$\text{Address} = S2 \cdot 10 + S1$$

where S1 and S2 are the values of the switches.

For example:

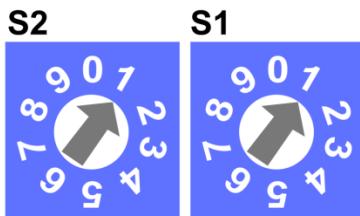


Figure 16. Exemplary address setting

Switches set as in the figure above will set the module address to 11.

1.12 Baud Rate Selection

Transmission baud rate is set with S3 switch (sections 1, 2 and 3) in accordance with the following table:

1	2	3	Baud rate
OFF (0)	OFF (0)	OFF (0)	Defined by the user in the register
OFF (0)	OFF (0)	ON (1)	76800
OFF (0)	ON (1)	OFF (0)	4800
OFF (0)	ON (1)	ON (1)	9600
ON (1)	OFF (0)	OFF (0)	19200
ON (1)	OFF (0)	ON (1)	38400
ON (1)	ON (1)	OFF (0)	57600
ON (1)	ON (1)	ON (1)	115200 (factory set)

Table 3. Baud rate selection

1.13 Protocol Selection

The protocol is selected with sections 4 and 5 of the S3 switch according to the table below:

4	5	Protocol
OFF (0)	OFF (0)	Modbus RTU
OFF (0)	ON (1)	Modbus ASCII
ON (1)	OFF (0)	BACnet Master
ON (1)	ON (1)	BACnet Slave

Table 4. Protocol selection

1.14 Restoring the Default Settings

To restore the default configuration of all registers, follow the steps below:

1. Turn off the power supply;
2. Set section 6 of S3 switch to ON;
3. Turn on the power supply; power LED blinks;
4. Switch section 6 of S3 switch to OFF to restore the default settings. To cancel the reset, turn off the power and switch section 6 of S3 switch to the OFF position.

1.15 Default Settings

In its out-of-the-box state, as well as after restoring the default values, the device has got the following default register values:

Register Name	Default Value
COUNTER	0
USER BAUD RATE	7680 (76800 bps)
STOP BITS	1
DATA BITS	8
PARITY BITS	0
RESPONSE DELAY	0
WATCHDOG TIME	0 (disabled)
STATE OF THE DIGITAL OUTPUTS AFTER START	0
STATE OF THE ANALOG OUTPUTS (DIGITAL) AFTER START	0
STATE OF THE ANALOG OUTPUTS AFTER START	0
UNIVERSAL INPUT CONFIGURATION	1
INPUT FILTER TIME CONSTANT	2
UNIVERSAL INPUT RESOLUTION	0
ANALOG OUTPUT CONFIGURATION	0
Only for IP modules	
USERNAME	platform
PASSWORD	1000
IP ADDRESS	192.168.1.123
MASK	255.255.255.0
GATEWAY	192.168.1.1
HTTP PORT	80
MODBUS TCP PORT	502
MODBUS TCP TIMEOUT	60s
RS485 TIMEOUT	1000ms
RS485 BIASING RESISTORS (MINI only)	DISABLED
SEND MODBUS ERRORS	ENABLED
BACNET ID	826001
BACNET UDP PORT	47808 (0xBAC0)

Table 5. Default values

2.8 Hardware_Version (30130)

This 16-bit register contains the module hardware version multiplied by 10.

2.9 MAC_Address (30131)

This 32-bit register contains MAC address information of the module.

2.10 Device Actions (40001)

Setting register 40001 according to the table below will enable 1 of 4 available actions: module reset, reloading the settings, setting to default and entering the bootloader.

Value	Action
511	<i>Reset</i>
767	<i>Reload settings</i>
1023	<i>Set to default</i>
1279	<i>Enter Bootloader</i>

Table 8. Device actions

2.11 Baud Rate (40136)

When sections 1, 2 and 3 of S3 switch are in off position, the baud rate is determined in accordance with this register. Baud rate is determined with the following formula:

$$\text{Baud rate} = \text{register value} \cdot 10$$

2.12 Stop Bits (40137)

The number of the stop bits is determined on the basis of this register in accordance with the following table:

Value	No. of stop bits
1 (default)	1
2	2
256	<i>RS485 biasing*</i>

Table 9. Stop bits

*Bit No. 8 activates RS485 biasing resistors in order to pull-up the voltage on RS485 bus. When bit No. 8 is true (bit 8 = 1), RS485 biasing resistors are activated. The function is **only** available in **MINI IP I/O modules** with hardware version >= 2.0

The biasing resistors are useful in case when iSMA modules are connected with third-party devices with the same RS485 bus and communication errors appear on the network.

WARNING! Only a single device in the network can have biasing resistors activated!

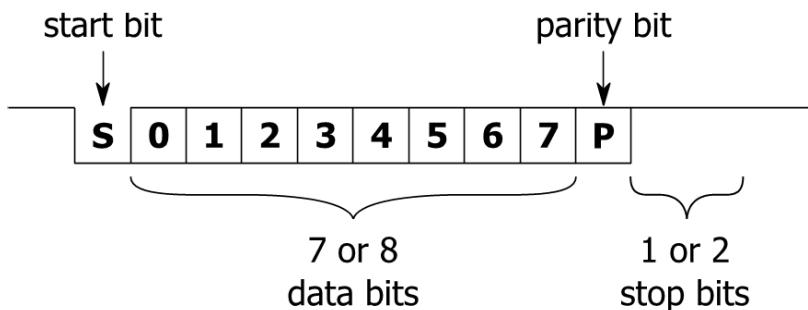


Figure 17. Modbus message frame

2.13 Data Bits (40138)

The number of data bits transmitted in a single byte is determined according to the following table:

Value	No. of data bits
7	7
8 (default)	8

Table 10. Data bits

2.14 Parity Bit (40139)

Every byte of data being transferred may have additional protection in the form of a parity bit added before the stop bit (bits).

The method of calculating the parity bit is presented in the table below:

Register value	Type of parity bit
0 (default)	none
1	Odd (number of all ones in a byte is odd)
2	Even (number of all ones in a byte is even)
3	Always 1
4	Always 0

Table 11. Parity bit

2.15 Response Delay Time (40140)

The value of this 16-bit register determines the number of milliseconds to wait before the unit answers the question. This time is used to extend the interval between the question and answer. The default value of 0 means no delay (the answer is sent once during the transmission of 3.5 character required by the protocol Modbus RTU).

2.16 Watchdog Time (40141)

This 16-bit register specifies the time in seconds to watchdog reset. If the module does not receive any valid message within that time, all Digital and Analog Outputs will be set to default state.

This feature is useful if for some reason there is an interruption in data transmission and for security reasons the output states must be set to the appropriate state in order not to endanger the safety of persons or property.

The default value is 0 seconds which means the watchdog function is disabled.

When the watchdog is triggered, Power LED blinks in the specified sequence (3 blinks with 20Hz frequency and 1-second pause).

3 Local I/O

3.1 Universal Inputs Connections

3.1.1 Connection of Universal Input to Measure Voltage 0-10 V

Voltage measurement

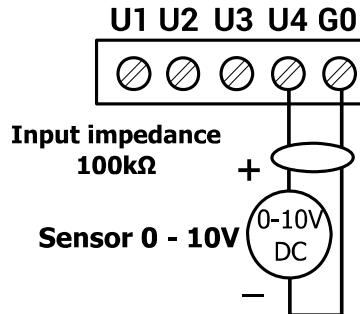


Figure 18. Connection of UI to measure 0-10 VDC for MIX38 and MIX38-IP

3.1.2 Connection of the Universal Input to Measure Current 0-20 mA

Current measurement is performed by measuring the voltage and 200 Ω resistance. According to Ohm's law, the current is directly proportional to the voltage and the resistance as the constant of proportionality.

$$I = \frac{U}{R}$$

According to the Ohm's law equation, for 20mA current with 200Ω resistance, the output voltage is 4V, which means that the voltage of 4V on the Universal Input corresponds with 20mA current.

The result is expressed in millivolts.

Current measurement

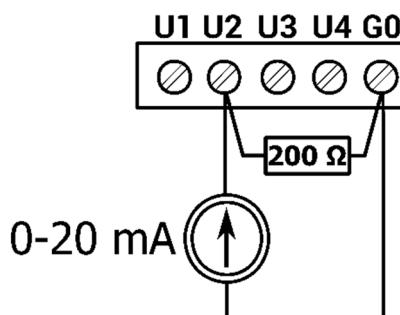


Figure 19. Connection of UI to measure 0-20mA for MIX38 and MIX38-IP

3.1.3 Connection of Universal Input to Measure the Temperature

Temp. measurement

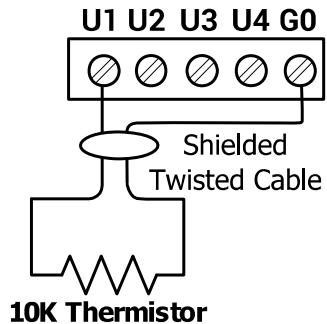


Figure 20. Connection of UI to measure the temperature for MIX18 and MIX18-IP

3.1.4 Connection of Universal Input as a Digital Input (Dry Contact)

Dry Contact Input

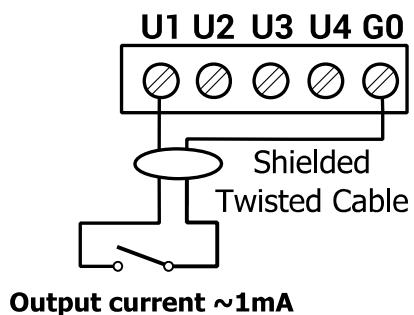


Figure 21. Connection of UI for operating as DI for MIX38 and MIX38-IP

3.2 Universal Inputs MODBUS Registers

3.2.1 Status of Universal Inputs Working as Digital Inputs (30017)

This 16-bit register contains information about the status of Digital Inputs (dry contacts). When the input is the shortcut to the ground, the corresponding bit value is set to 1 in accordance with the following table:

No. of bit in register	No. of Universal Input
0	1
1	2
2	3
3	4
4	5
5	6
6	7
7	8

Table 12. UI register operating as DI for MIX38 and MIX38-IP

3.2.2 Universal Input Voltage (Current) Measure 1-8 (30071, 30073, 30075, 30077, 30079, 30087, 30089, 30091)

These 16-bit registers contain the results of measuring the voltage for each input. The result is expressed in millivolts.

The results of measuring the current for each input are stored in the same registers. In that case, the current value has to be calculated according to the equation:

$$I = \frac{\text{register value}}{200} [\text{mA}]$$

3.2.3 Universal Input Temperature Measurement 1-8 (30072, 30074, 30076, 30078, 30080, 30095, 30097, 30099)

In these 16-bit registers, the result is expressed in Celsius degrees $\cdot 10$

3.2.4 Universal Input Resistance Measurement 1-8 (30103, 30104-30117, 30118)

In these 16-bit registers, the result is expressed in Ω or in 0.1Ω units for PT1000 and NI1000 configuration. In the register with the lower number, it is the lower storage part of the result and the higher register storage part of the result.

3.2.5 Universal Input Configuration 1-8 (40151-40158)

These 16-bit registers are used to configure Universal Inputs in accordance with the following table:

Register value	Description
0	Off resistance measurement (only measuring the voltage, dry contact off)
1 (default)	Temperature sensor 10K3A1 NTC B=3975K (°C)
2	Temperature sensor 10K4A1 NTC B=3695K (°C)
3	Temperature sensor 10K NTC B=3435K Carel (°C)
4	Temperature sensor 20K6A1 NTC B=4262K (°C)
5	Temperature sensor 2,2K3A1 NTC B=3975K (°C)
6	Temperature sensor 3K3A1 NTC B=3975K (°C)
7	Temperature sensor 30K6A1 NTC B=4262K (°C)
8	Temperature sensor SIE1 (°C)
9	Temperature sensor TAC1 (°C)
10	Temperature sensor SAT1 (°C)
16	Temperature sensor Pt1000 (°C)
17	Temperature sensor Ni1000 (°C)
18	Ni1000 21C (°C)
19	Ni1000 LG (°C)
20 (default US version)	10K Type2 NTC B=3975K (°F)
21	10K Type3 NTC B=3695K (°F)
22	20K NTC B=4262K (°F)
23	3K NTC B=3975K (°F)
24	PT1000 (°F)
25	Ni1000 32F (°F)
26	Ni1000 70F (°F)
+128 (set 7. bit of register)	Off voltage measurement

Table 13. Universal input configuration

3.2.6 Filter Time Constant of the Universal Input 1-8 (40159-40166)

These 16-bit registers contain a time constant low pass filter. The value is expressed in seconds. Valid values must be between 0 and 60 seconds. The default filter value is 2 seconds. Setting the value to 0 will disable the filter.

In case of UI shortcut or open-loop, the filter is reset and UI value filtering is stopped.

3.2.7 Resolution of the Universal Inputs (40167)

This register is used to determine the bit resolution for each of the Universal Inputs.

Setting the bit to 0 will set the resolution of the converter to 12-bit. Setting the bit to 1 sets the resolution of the converter to 16-bit.

WARNING! Setting 16-bit resolution increases the measurement time of one channel from 10ms to 140ms. The total time taken to measure all the channels increases from 50ms to 700ms.

Each input can be configured separately in accordance with the following table:

No. of bit in register	No. of Universal Input
0	1
1	2
2	3
3	4
4	5
5	6
6	7
7	8

Table 14. Universal input resolution for MIX38 and MIX38-IP

3.3 Digital Inputs Connections

3.3.1 Connection of Digital Input (Dry Contact)

Dry Contact Input

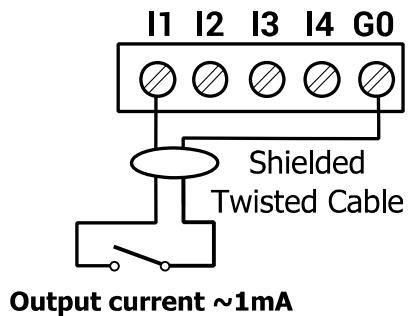


Figure 22. Connection of DI for MIX38 and MIX38-IP

3.4 Digital Input MODBUS Registers

3.4.1 State of Digital Inputs (30016)

This 16-bit register contains the status of the Digital Inputs. Short-circuit input to GND sets the corresponding bit in the register in accordance with the table below:

No. of bit in the register	No. of Digital Input
0	1
1	2
...	...
10	11
11	12

Table 15. Status of DI for MIX38 and MIX38-IP

3.4.2 Counter 1-12 (40023, 40024-40045, 40046)

The modules have 32-bit counters, one for each Digital Input.

The register with a lower number contains a lower byte of the counter and in the register with a higher number is stored in the higher byte of the counter.

In case you would like to change the value of the register, you can write any value (called 'preset') for pulse counting registers. In a particular case, you can reset the counter by entering 0. Resetting the counter is also possible via 40022 register.

3.4.3 Resetting the Counters (40022)

Setting a true value of a particular bit of this 16-bit register results in resetting the corresponding counter (setting it to 0) in accordance with the following table:

No. of bit in the register	No. of Digital Input
0	1
1	2
...	...
10	11
11	12

Table 16. Resetting the counters for MIX38 and MIX38-IP

Setting a true value of a particular bit of the register continuously resets the counter. Setting the bit to 0 restores normal operation.

3.5 Analog Output Connections

3.5.1 Connection of 0-10 V Analog Output

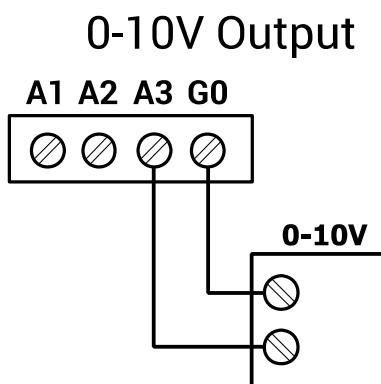


Figure 23. Connection of AO for MIX38 and MIX38-IP

3.5.2 Connecting Relay to Analog Output

Connection of relay

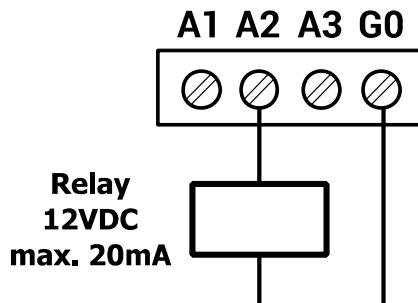


Figure 24. Connection of AO to the relay for MIX38 and MIX38-IP

3.5.3 Connecting Actuator to the Analog Output

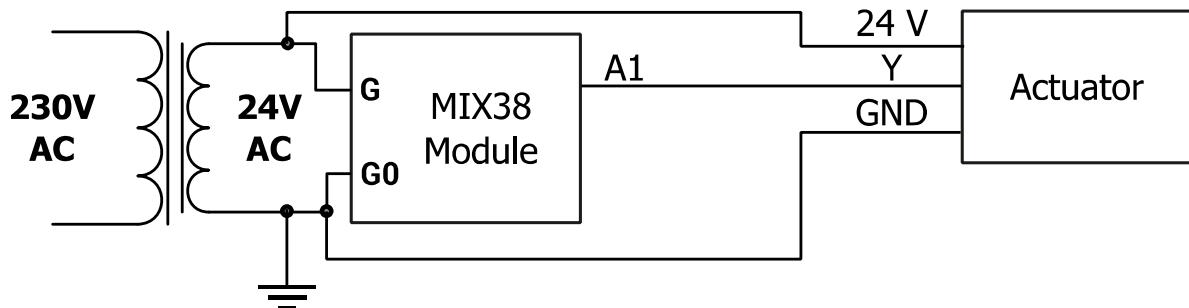


Figure 25. Connecting an actuator to AO

3.6 Analog Output MODBUS Registers

3.6.1 State of Analog Outputs Operating as Digital Outputs (40019)

Setting a true value of a particular bit of this 16-bit register causes setting the maximum output voltage (10V) on the corresponding output and setting the corresponding register with Analog Output value (40121 – 40126) to 0.

Bits of register correspond to the following Analog Outputs.

No. of bit in the register	No. of Analog Output
0	1
1	2
2	3
3	4
4	5
5	6

Table 17. AO operating as DO for MIX38 and MIX38-IP

3.6.2 Value of 1-6 Analog Outputs (40121-40126)

These 16-bit registers contain the value of voltage in mV that appears at the Analog Output.

3.6.3 Default State of the Analog Outputs (Digital) (40144)

Setting a true value of a particular bit of this 16-bits register sets the maximum voltage (10V) on the corresponding Analog Output after turning the power on or resetting the watchdog.

Bits in register correspond to the following Analog Outputs:

No. of bit in the register	No. of Analog Output
0	1
1	2
2	3
3	4
4	5
5	6

Table 18. Default state of AO operating as DO for MIX38 and MIX38-IP

3.6.4 Default State of 1-6 Analog Outputs (40145-40150)

These 16-bit registers contain the values of voltage in mV which appear on the Analog Outputs after turning the power on or resetting the watchdog.

3.6.5 Configuration Mode of 1-6 Analog Outputs (40168-40173)

These 16-bit registers contain information about the mode of the Analog Outputs according to the following table:

Register value	Description
0 (default)	Voltage output 0 – 10V
1	PWM 1Hz
2	PWM 10Hz
3	PWM 100Hz
4	PWM 0.1Hz
5	PWM 0.01Hz

Table 19. AO type settings

3.6.6 Hand Control Status of Analog Outputs (30015)

This register is available only for the modules with manual control of Analog Outputs.

No. of bit in register	Description
0, 1	<i>Hand status of outputs 1</i>
2, 3	<i>Hand status of outputs 2</i>
4, 5	<i>Hand status of outputs 3</i>
6, 7	<i>Hand status of outputs 4</i>

Table 20. AO Hand status bits

Value of the hand status	Status Description
0	<i>AUTO</i>
1	<i>HAND CONTROL</i>

Table 21. AO hand status value

The current value of the output in the hand mode determines registers from 30125 to 30128.

3.6.7 Hand Control Value of 1-4 Analog Outputs (30125-30128)

The registers contain a percentage value of manual control for outputs from 1 to 4.

3.7 Digital Output (Relay) Connections

3.7.1 Connecting Solenoid Valve to the Digital Output

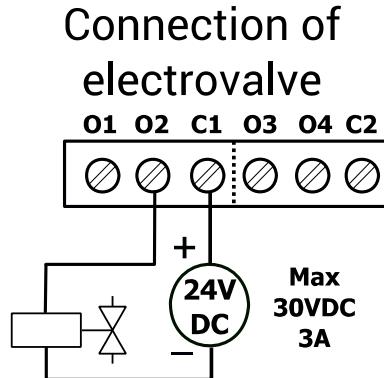


Figure 26. Connection of solenoid valve to DO for MIX38 and MIX38-IP

3.7.2 Connecting Resistive Load to the Digital Output

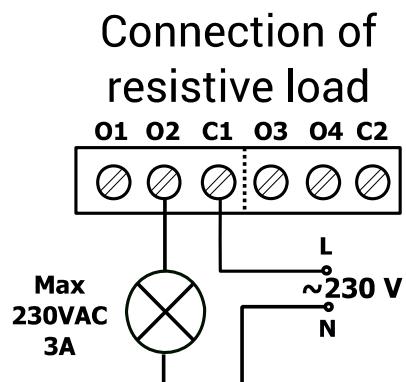


Figure 27. Connection of resistive load to DO for MIX38 and MIX38-IP

3.7.3 Connecting Inductive Load to the Digital Output

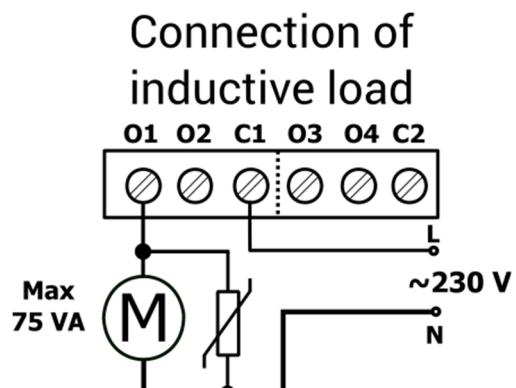


Figure 28. Connection of inductive load to DO for MIX38 and MIX38-IP

3.8 Digital Output (Relay) MODBUS Registers

3.8.1 State of Digital Outputs (40018)

This 16-bit register contains the state of the Digital Outputs. Setting a particular bit in the register activates the corresponding Digital Output according to the following table:

No. of bit in register	No. of Digital Output
0	1
1	2
2	3
3	4
4	5
5	6

Table 22. State of DO for MIX38 and MIX38-IP

3.8.2 Default State of Digital Outputs (40143)

This 16-bit register contains the default state of the Digital Output device after the start or watchdog reset. Register bits correspond to the Digital Outputs according to the following table:

No. of bit in the register	No. of Digital Output
0	1
1	2
2	3
3	4
4	5
5	6

Table 23. Default status of DO for MIX38 and MIX38-IP

3.8.3 Hand Control Status of Digital Outputs (30015)

This register is available only for the modules with manual control of outputs.

No. of bit in the register	Description
0, 1	Hand status of output 1
2, 3	Hand status of output 2
4, 5	Hand status of output 3
6, 7	Hand status of output 4

Table 24. DO hand status bits

Value of hand status	Status Description
0	AUTO
2	HAND OUT = 0
3	HAND OUT = 1

Table 25. DO Hand status value

3.9 Triac Output Connections

3.9.1 Connecting Solenoid Valve to the Triac Output

Connection of electrovalve

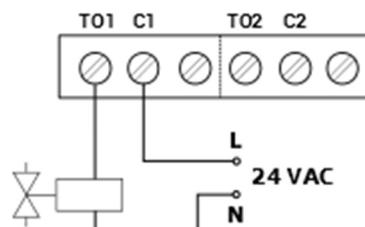


Figure 28. Connection of solenoid valve to TO for 4TO-H and 4TO-H-IP

3.9.2 Connecting Resistive Load to the Triac Output

Connection of resistive load

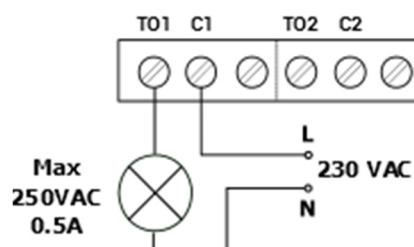


Figure 29. Connection of resistive load to TO for 4TO-H and 4TO-H-IP

3.10 Triac Output MODBUS Registers

3.10.1 State of Triac Outputs (40018)

This 16-bit register contains the state of the Triac Outputs in digital mode. Setting a particular bit in the register activates the corresponding Triac Output according to the following table:

No. of bit in the register	No. of Triac Output
0	1
1	2
2	3
3	4

Table 26. The state of TO for 4TO-H and 4TO-H-IP

3.10.2 Default State of Triac Outputs (40143)

This 16-bit register contains the default state of the Triac Output device after the start or after resetting the watchdog.

The register bits correspond with the Triac Outputs according to the following table:

No. of bit in the register	No. of Digital Output
0	1
1	2
2	3
3	4

Table 27. Default status of TO for 4TO-H and 4TO-H-IP

3.10.3 Value of 1-4 Triac PWM Outputs (40121-40124)

These 16-bit registers contain the in percents of the duty that appears on the PWM output. Output working mode is defined by CONFIGURATION mode of the Triac Output.

3.10.4 Default State of 1-4 Triac PWM Outputs (40145-40148)

These 16-bit registers contain the value in percents of the duty that appears on the Analog Output after turning the power on or resetting the watchdog.

3.10.5 Configuration Mode of 1-4 Triac Outputs (40168-40171)

These 16-bit registers contain information about the mode of the Triac Outputs according to the following table:

Register value	Description

0	<i>Ordinary IO(def)</i>
1	<i>Monostable Relay</i>
2	<i>Bistable Relay</i>
3	<i>Time Relay NO [ms]</i>
4	<i>Time Relay NC [ms]</i>
5	<i>Time Relay NO [s]</i>
6	<i>Time Relay NC [s]</i>
7	<i>Input Forwarding</i>
8	<i>Heating (4U40-H and 4U40-H-IP only)</i>
9	<i>Cooling (4U40-H and 4U40-H-IP only)</i>

Table 34. Special application modes

The operating mode can be changed by writing the right value in the Operation Mode register.

Special modes are initialized after 3 seconds from the power-up or restart of the module (the time value needed to stabilize the operation of the analog transmitter).

With each change of Input Mode change, the assigned Output is set to default state and the timer used in time-based modes is reset. When the recently selected operating mode is running, the output is controlled according to the new mode activated.

3.11.1.1 Ordinary IO

In this mode, the module operates as a standard IO; the inputs and the outputs are not related which each other.

3.11.1.2 Monostable Relay

In this mode, both the rising and the falling edge of the digital input change the output state. The action of a monostable relay can be executed remotely by changing the state of bit from false to true in COMMAND register (40020). Outputs can be also overwritten with DIGITAL OUTPUT register (40018), which allows remote control from BMS.

3.11.1.3 Bistable Relay

In this mode, only the rising edge of the digital input changes the output state. The action of a bistable relay can be executed remotely by changing the state of bit from false to true in COMMAND register (40020). Outputs can be also overwritten by DIGITAL OUTPUT register (40018), which allows remote control from BMS.

3.11.1.4 Time Relay NO [ms]

In this mode, when the output value is false, the rising edge of the digital input sets the output to a true value. Every falling edge of the digital input starts the counter from the

beginning so that the output will stay in a true value for the time defined in the TIME VALUE register (expressed in milliseconds), counting from the last falling edge of the digital input. The action of the time relay can be executed remotely by changing the state from false to true in the relevant COMMAND register (40020). The outputs can be also overwritten with the register of DIGITAL OUTPUT module (40018), which allows for remote control from BMS.

3.11.1.5 Time Relay NC [ms]

In this mode, when the output value is false, the falling edge of the digital input sets the output to a true value. Every rising edge of the digital input starts the counter from the beginning so that the output will stay in true value for a time defined in TIME VALUE register (expressed in milliseconds), counting from the last rising edge of the digital input. The action of time relay can be executed remotely by changing the state from false to true in the relevant COMMAND register (40020). Outputs can be also overwritten with the register of DIGITAL OUTPUT module (40018), which allows for remote control from BMS.

3.11.1.6 Time Relay NO [s]

In this mode, when the output value is false, the rising edge of the digital input sets the output to a true value. Every falling edge on the digital input starts the counter from the beginning so that the output will stay in true value for a time defined in TIME VALUE register (expressed in seconds), counting from the last falling edge of the digital input. The action of time relay can be executed remotely by changing the state from false to true in relevant COMMAND register (40020). Outputs can be also overwritten with the register of DIGITAL OUTPUT module (40018), which allows for remote control from BMS.

3.11.1.7 Time Relay NC [s]

In this mode, when the output value is false, the falling edge of the digital input sets the output to a true value. Every rising edge on the digital input starts the counter from the beginning so that the output will stay in true value for a time defined in TIME VALUE register (expressed in seconds), counting from the last rising edge of the digital input. The action of time relay can be executed remotely by changing state from false to true in the relevant COMMAND register (40020). Outputs can be also overwritten with the register of DIGITAL OUTPUT module (40018), which allows for remote control from BMS.

3.11.1.8 Input Forwarding

In this mode, any signal from the input is transferred directly to the assigned output without any modifications. The operation of the input forwarding mode can be stopped with Block Input function (see [Block Inputs register](#)).

3.11.1.9 Heating Mode (4U4O-H and 4U4O-H-IP only)

In this mode, the output is controlled like a typical thermostat, based on Setpoint register and Control value (Input value) with differential parameter defined in the Differential register. The output signal works in 2 states, low and high.

When the Control value is lower or equal with the difference between the Setpoint register and the differential register, the output is in the low state.

When the Control value is higher or equal with the sum of the Setpoint register and the differential register, the output is in the high state.

Output in the low state:

Control value \geq Setpoint + Differential

Output in the high state:

Control value \leq Setpoint - Differential

The algorithm of the heating mode is shown in chart below.

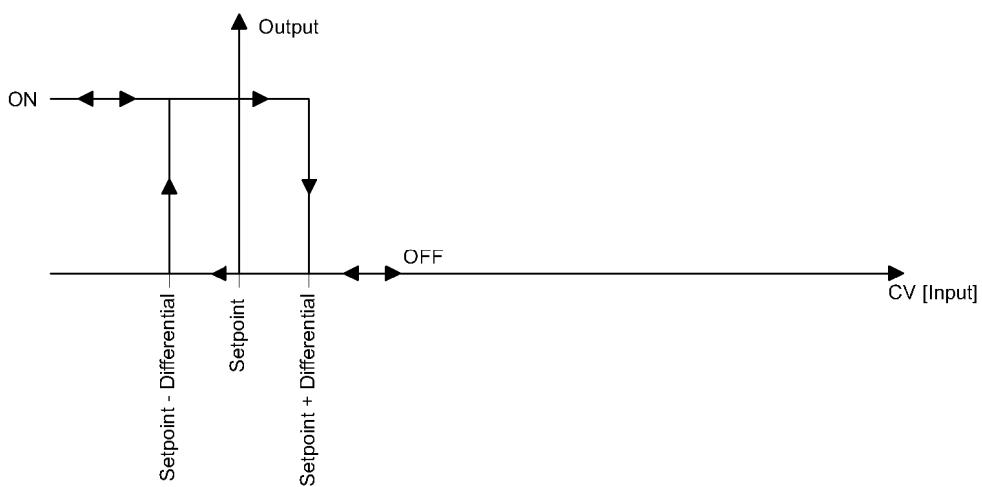


Figure 30. The operation of the Heating mode algorithm

WARNING! In case when the temperature sensor fails (when it is disconnected or shortcut), the heating mode is not active and the output remains in the false state.

3.11.1.10 Cooling Mode (4U40-H and 4U40-H-IP only)

In this mode, the output is controlled like a typical thermostat on the basis of the Setpoint register and the Control value (Input signal) with the differential parameter defined in the Differential register.

The output signal works in 2 states - low and high.

When the Control value is lower or equal with the difference between the Setpoint register and the Differential register, the output is in the low state.

When the Control value is higher or equal with the sum of the Setpoint register and Differential register, the output is in the high state.

Output in the low state:

Control value <= Setpoint – Differential

Output in the high state:

Control value >= Setpoint + Differential

The algorithm of the cooling mode is shown in the chart below.

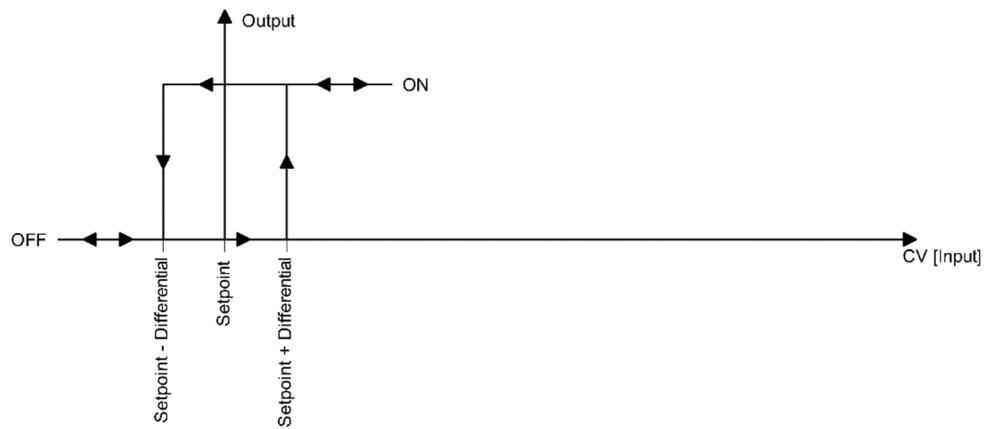


Figure 31. Operation of the cooling mode algorithm

WARNING! In case when the temperature sensor fails (when it is disconnected or shortcut), the heating mode does not work and the output remains in the false state.

3.11.2 Time Value Registers (40177,40181,40185,40189)

The registers contain time values for TIME RELAY modes. The time unit depends on the selected mode [milliseconds] or [seconds].

3.11.3 Command Register (40020)

The module is equipped with a special register called COMMAND (40020). The command register is used to remotely execute the action (simulate light switch/PIR). The action is executed by changing the state of the relevant bit (changing from false to true). All special application modes can be executed except for Input Forwarding, Heating, and Cooling modes.

No. of bit in the register (40020)	Command input number
0	1
1	2
2	3
3	4

Table 31. Command register for special application modes

3.11.4 Block Inputs Register (40021)

The Block Inputs register is used to block the physical input signals to take action in logic. By setting a true value on the relevant bit, the module blocks the input and no action will be executed. Setting false value restores normal operation. The block input function does not work when the heating/cooling input mode is set.

No. of bit in the register (40021)	Block input number
0	1
1	2
2	3
3	4

Table 35. Block input register.

3.11.5 Setpoint Registers (40178, 40182, 40186, 40190)

The SETPOINT registers contain values which are used in heating/cooling modes (4U40-H and 4U40-H-IP only) as the setpoints for heating/cooling control algorithm

The default Setpoint value is 21. (read more in [Heating mode](#), [Cooling mode](#)).

The register stores the setpoint multiplied by 10.

3.11.6 Differential Registers (40179,40183,40187,40191)

The DIFFERENTIAL registers contain values which are used in heating/cooling modes (4U40-H and 4U40-H-IP only) as the differential for heating/cooling control algorithm. Setpoint registers and Differential registers create deadband of the Control values which has no influence on the output.

$$\text{Deadband} = (\text{Setpoint} - \text{Differential}, \text{Setpoint} + \text{Differential})$$

The default Differential value is 1. (read more in [Heating mode](#), [Cooling mode](#)).

The register stores the differential multiplied by 10.

4 WEB Configuration - IP Version Only

4.1 Web Server Access

All IP version modules are equipped with a built-in web server, which allows for showing the module status and changing the configuration.

To access the web server, open a browser, and enter the IP address of the module; the default address for a new module is **192.168.1.123**. Please use the following credentials:

Username: **platform**

Password: **1000** (by default)

Note: The web server can be disabled by setting the HTTP port to 0. This option is available for firmware version 6.5 and up.

4.2 Device Page

This page contains information about the device and its technical specification. Basic Information section includes information about the type of the module, its firmware version and uptime. Device Specification includes information about Power Supply, Input/Output parameters, Interfaces and mechanical parameters.

Basic Information	
Module Type	ISMA-B-8U-IP
Firmware Version	5.5
Hardware Version	1.1
Uptime	0 days, 2 hours, 3 minutes, 58 seconds

ISMA-B-8U-IP Device Specification	
Power Supply	
Voltage	24V AC/DC ± 20%
Power consumption	2W @ 24VDC; 3VA @ 24VAC
Universal Inputs	
No. of inputs	8
Temperature Input	Measurement with attached RTDs accuracy ±0.1°C For sensor Pt1000 and Ni1000 use only 16bit resolution
Voltage Input	Voltage measurement from 0 to 10V Input impedance 100kΩ Measurement accuracy ±0.1% Measurement resolution 3mV@12bit and 1mV@16bit

Figure 32. 8U-IP device page

4.3 Local I/O Status and Configuration

4.3.1 Universal Inputs

This page allows for entering the configuration parameters and showing the actual value of the Universal Inputs. To open this page, please navigate to Local IO tab and choose Universal Inputs from the submenu.




Device Local IO RS485 Configuration IP Configuration Device Management Contact Logout

iSMA-B-8U-IP Universal Inputs

Input	Type	Resolution	UI Flag	Disable Voltage Measure	L.P. Filter Constant	Resistance	Temperature	Voltage	BACnet COV Increment
Universal Input 1	Temperature 10k4A1 NTC B=3695K	16 Bit ▾	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	1	1000000 Ω	-3276.8 °C	0 mV	1,0
Universal Input 2	Temperature 10k3A1 NTC B=3975K	16 Bit ▾	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	1	1000000 Ω	-3276.8 °C	0 mV	1,0
Universal Input 3	Resistance Input	12 Bit ▾	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	0	1000000.0 Ω	0.0 °C	0 mV	1,0
Universal Input 4	Resistance Input	12 Bit ▾	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	0	1000000.0 Ω	0.0 °C	0 mV	1,0
Universal Input 5	Resistance Input	12 Bit ▾	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	0	1000000.0 Ω	0.0 °C	0 mV	1,0
Universal Input 6	Resistance Input	12 Bit ▾	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	0	1000000.0 Ω	0.0 °C	0 mV	1,0
Universal Input 7	Resistance Input	12 Bit ▾	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	0	1000000.0 Ω	0.0 °C	0 mV	1,0
Universal Input 8	Resistance Input	12 Bit ▾	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	0	1000000.0 Ω	0.0 °C	0 mV	1,0

Figure 30. 8U-IP Universal Inputs page

Input	Type
Universal Input 1	Temperature 10k3A1 NTC B=3975K ▾
Universal Input 2	Disabled Resistance Measurement
Universal Input 3	Temperature 10k3A1 NTC B=3975K
Universal Input 4	Temperature 10k4A1 NTC B=3695K
Universal Input 5	Temperature 10k NTC B=3435K Carel
Universal Input 6	Temperature 20k6A1 NTC B=4262K
Universal Input 7	Temperature 2.2k3A1 NTC B=3975K
Universal Input 8	Temperature 3k3A1 NTC B=3975K
Universal Input 9	Temperature 30k6A1 NTC B=4262K
Universal Input 10	Temperature SIE1
Universal Input 11	Temperature TAC1
Universal Input 12	Temperature SAT1
Universal Input 13	Temperature PT1000
Universal Input 14	Temperature NI1000
Universal Input 15	Resistance Input

Figure 34. Types of sensors

Universal Input table contains the following fields:

- Sensor type** (Read/write) allows for setting a different type of sensor.
- Resolution** (Read/write), resolution measurement 12-bit/16-bit (for PT1000 and Ni1000 sensors please use 16-bit).
- UI Flag** (Read-only), the status of UI as DI.
- Disable Voltage Measurement** (Read/write), disables voltage measuring for resistance measurement only.
- L.P. Filter Constant** (Read/write), the parameter of time, constant low pass filter in seconds. Valid values must be between 0 and 60 seconds (default 2s). Setting value 0 will disable the filter.
- Resistance** (Read-only), in ohms from 0 to 1000k [Ω].
- Temperature** (Read-only), in Celsius with an accuracy of 1 decimal [°C].
- Voltage** (Read-only) in millivolts [mV].

WARNING! To save the changes please use the “Submit” button.

4.3.2 Configuration of Special Application Mode

This page allows for entering the configuration parameters and showing the actual value of Special application modes. To open this page, please navigate to Local IO tab and choose Universal Inputs from the submenu.

Input	Type	Resolution	UI Flag	Disable Voltage Measure	I.P. Filter Constant	Resistance	Temperature	Voltage	BACnet COV Increment
Universal Input 1	Temperature 10k3A1 NTC B=3975K	12 Bit ▾	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	0	1000000 Ω	-3276.8 °C	0 mV	1.0
Universal Input 2		12 Bit ▾	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	0	0 Ω	0.0 °C	0 mV	1.0
Universal Input 3	Temperature 10k3A1 NTC B=3975K	12 Bit ▾	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	60	1000000 Ω	-3276.8 °C	0 mV	1.0
Universal Input 4	Disabled Resistance Measurement	12 Bit ▾	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	3	0 Ω	0.0 °C	0 mV	1.0

Special Modes Configuration						
Input	Block Input	Input Mode	Command	Mode Time	Setpoint	Diff
Universal Input 1	<input type="checkbox"/>	Heating ▾	<input type="checkbox"/>	1000	21.0 °C	0.0 °C
Universal Input 2	<input type="checkbox"/>	Bistable Relay ▾	<input type="checkbox"/>	10	23.0 °C	0.3 °C
Universal Input 3	<input type="checkbox"/>	Bistable Relay ▾	<input type="checkbox"/>	3	25.0 °C	3.0 °C
Universal Input 4	<input type="checkbox"/>	Heating ▾	<input type="checkbox"/>	0	0.0 °C	0.0 °C

[Submit](#) [Refresh](#)

Figure 35. 4U4O-IP Universal Inputs page

Input	Block Input	Input Mode
Universal Input 1	<input type="checkbox"/>	Ordinary IO ▾
Universal Input 2	<input type="checkbox"/>	Ordinary IO
Universal Input 3	<input type="checkbox"/>	Monostable Relay
Universal Input 4	<input type="checkbox"/>	Bistable Relay
		Time Relay NO [ms]
		Time Relay NC [ms]
		Time Relay NO [s]
		Time Relay NC [s]
		Input Forwarding
		Heating
		Cooling

Figure 36. Special application modes

Special Modes Configuration table includes the following fields:

- **Block Input** (Read/write) allows for blocking a particular input (except for heating/cooling modes).
- **Input Mode** (Read/write), allows for selecting the Special Application Mode for a particular input (Ordinary IO in default).
- **Command** (Read/write), execution of the Special Application Modes (except for input forwarding, heating/cooling modes).
- **Mode Time** (Read/write), time base for time relay application modes (the unit depends on the selected mode: [ms] or [s]).
- **Setpoint** (Read/write, 4U4O-H-IP only), setpoint value for heating/cooling modes.
In default 0.
- **Differential** (Read/write, 4U4O-H-IP only), differential value for heating/cooling modes.
In default 0.

WARNING! To save the changes please use the “Submit” button.

4.3.3 Digital Inputs

This page allows for entering the configuration parameters and showing the actual value of Digital Inputs. To open this page, please navigate to Local IO tab and choose the Digital Inputs from the submenu.

Input	State	Reset Flag	Counter State	Counter State To Set
Digital Input 1	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	13	13
Digital Input 2	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	2	2
Digital Input 3	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	2	2
Digital Input 4	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	2	2
Digital Input 5	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	2	2
Digital Input 6	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	2	2
Digital Input 7	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	2	2
Digital Input 8	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	2	2
Digital Input 9	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	2	2
Digital Input 10	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	2	2
Digital Input 11	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	2	2
Digital Input 12	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	2	2

Figure 37. MIX38-IP Digital Inputs page

Digital Input table includes the following fields:

- **State** (Read-only), actual input state.
- **Reset Flag** (Read/write), reset of pulses value (leaving reset active will reset the value of the pulses).
- **Counter State** (Read-only), the actual value of pulses saved in EEPROM.
- **Counter State To Set** (Read/write), allows for setting the value of the counter.

WARNING! To save the changes please use the “Submit” button.

4.3.4 Digital Outputs

This page allows for entering the configuration parameters and showing the actual value of the Digital Outputs. To open this page, please navigate to Local IO tab and choose Digital Outputs from the submenu.



Output	State	Default State
Digital Output 1	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Digital Output 2	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Digital Output 3	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Digital Output 4	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Digital Output 5	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Digital Output 6	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Digital Output 7	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Digital Output 8	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Digital Output 9	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Digital Output 10	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Digital Output 11	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Digital Output 12	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Watchdog (s)	0	

Figure 38. MIX38-IP Digital Outputs page

The Digital Outputs table includes the following fields:

- **State** (Read/write), actual state of digital output.
- **Default State** (Read/write), output state after power-up and watchdog operation.
- **Watchdog** (Read/write), watchdog value of the device in seconds.

WARNING! To save the changes, please use the “Submit” button.

4.3.5 Analog Outputs

This page allows for entering the configuration parameters and showing the actual value of the Analog Outputs. To open this page, please navigate to Local IO tab and choose the Analog Outputs from the submenu.

Output	Value	Type	Default Value	Digital Output	Default Digital Output	Hand State Output	BACnet COV Increment
Analog Output 1	0 mV	Voltage 0-10V ▾	0 mV	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Auto	1,0
Analog Output 2	0 mV	Voltage 0-10V ▾	0 mV	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Auto	1,0
Analog Output 3	0 mV	Voltage 0-10V ▾	0 mV	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Auto	1,0
Analog Output 4	0 %	PWM 1 Hz ▾	0 %	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Auto	1,0
Watchdog (s)	0						

Figure 39. 4U4A-H-IP Analog Outputs value

The Analog Outputs table includes the following fields:

- **Value** (Read/write), the actual value of analog output in millivolts [mV].
- **Type** (Read/write), analog output working mode voltage / PWM.
- **Default Value** (Read/write), default output value after power-up and watchdog operation.
- **Digital Output** (Read/write), output status flag for DO mode.
- **Default Digital Output** (Read/write), default output status for DO mode.

- **Watchdog** (Read/write), device watchdog value in seconds.
- **Hand State Output** (Read-only, MINI series only), manually overrides the status of the potentiometer

WARNING! To save the changes please use the "Submit" button.

4.4 RS485 Configuration

This page allows for entering the configuration parameters and showing the information of RS485 port of the controllers.

Modbus Settings	
Actual Baud Rate	115200
User Baud Rate	76800
Stop Bits	1 Bit
Data Bits	8 Bits
Parity Bits	None
RS485 Biasing Resistors	<input type="checkbox"/>

Statistics	
Received Frames	0
Error Frames	0
Transmitted Frames	0

iSMA-B-8U-IP RS485 Configuration

Logout

Figure 40. RS485 configuration page

This page allows for setting parameters such as:

- **Baud rate** (Read-only), RS485 baud rate from 2400 up to 115200.
- **Modbus Config** (Read-only), Modbus Protocol Type- RTU or ASCII.
- **Stop Bits** (Read/write), the number of the stop bits (1 or 2).
- **Data Bits** (Read/write), number of data bits transmitted in a single byte (7 or 8).
- **Parity Bits** (Read/write), transmission protection as a parity bit added before stop bit (bits).
- **RS485 Biasing Resistors**, activation of the biasing resistors only for MINI modules with a hardware version >= 2.0; MIX IP modules with hardware version 3.0 and up have a hardware switch for RS485 biasing under the bottom cover
- **Received Frames** (Read-only), number of received frames.
- **Transmitted Frames** (Read-only), number of transmitted frames.
- **Error Frames** (Read-only), number of error frames.

WARNING! To save the changes please use the "Submit" button.

4.5 IP Configuration

This page allows for changing the parameters of Ethernet port, Modbus TCP and BACnet IP.



Device Local IO RS485 Configuration IP Configuration Device Management Contact Logout

MIX38-IP IP Configuration

Network Configuration	
Ip Address	192.168.1.123
Mask	255.255.255.0
Gateway	192.168.1.1
Http Port	80
Mac Address	00:1E:C0:FC:C5:08

Modbus Configuration	
Protocol Type	Modbus RTU
Modbus TCP Port	502
Modbus Address	11
Modbus TCP Connection Timeout [s]	60
RS485 Timeout [ms]	500
Send Modbus Errors	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

BACnet Configuration	
BACnet ID	826011
BACnet UDP Port	47808

Submit Refresh Reboot

Figure 41. IP configuration page

This page allows for setting the parameters such as:

- **IP Address** (Read/write), the IP address of the controller Ethernet interface.
- **Mask** (Read/write), network mask.
- **Gateway** (Read/write), network default gateway.
- **Http Port** (Read/write), http port.
- **Mac Address** (Read-only), Ethernet interface MAC address.
- **Protocol Type** (Read-only), Dip Switch protocol selection.
- **Modbus TCP Port** (Read/write), Modbus TCP port number, default 502.
- **Modbus Address** (Read-only). Modbus device address set by rotary switches.
- **Modbus TCP Communication Timeout** (Read/write), a timeout for TCP/IP messages.
- **RS485 Timeout** (Read/write), a timeout for Modbus RTU/ASCII messages.
- **Send Modbus Errors** (Read-only), Enable / Disable sending Modbus error messages.
- **BACnet ID** (Read/write), BACnet ID set by rotary switches; this value can be overridden by the user, once overridden by the user changing rotary switches it will not affect BACnet ID.
- **BACnet UDP port** (Read/write), BACnet IP port.

WARNING! To save the changes, please first click the “Submit” button and then the “Reboot” button

4.6 Device Management

This page allows for changing the password and rebooting device the device remotely.



The screenshot shows the 'MIX38-IP Device Management' interface. At the top, there is a navigation bar with links: Device, Local IO, RS485 Configuration, IP Configuration, Device Management (which is the active tab), and Contact. On the far right of the navigation bar are 'Logout' and a small camera icon. Below the navigation bar, the title 'MIX38-IP Device Management' is centered above a 'Change password' form. The form contains three input fields: 'Current Device Password', 'New Device Password', and 'Confirm New Device Password'. Below these fields are two buttons: 'Submit' and 'Reboot'. A large 'Logout' button is located at the bottom of the page.

Figure 42. Device management page

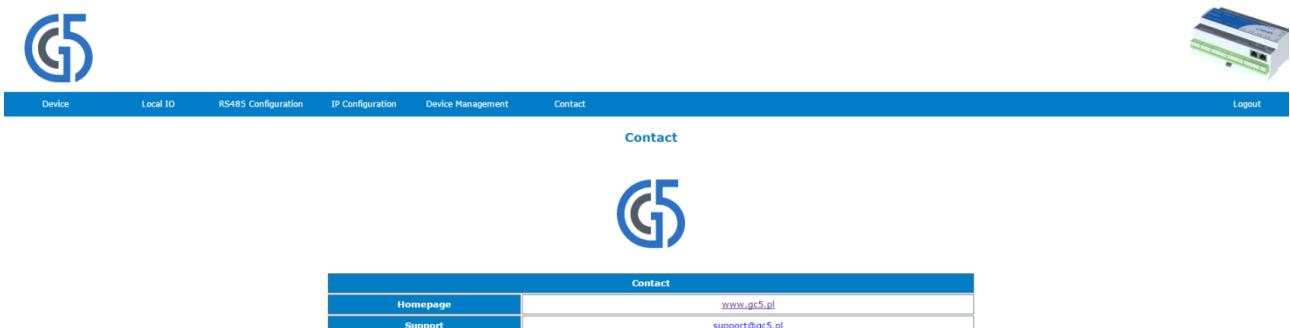
The procedure of changing the password of the device:

- a) enter the current device password in the field - Current Device Password,
- b) enter the new device password in the field - New Device Password,
- c) enter the new device password in the field once again - Confirm New Device Password,
- d) to confirm the password change, please click the “Submit” button,
- e) please log out, and log in again using the new password.

WARNING! To reset the password to default, refer to “Restoring default settings”

4.7 Contact

This page displays information about Manufacture web address and emails to the technical support.



The screenshot shows the 'Contact' page. At the top, there is a navigation bar with links: Device, Local IO, RS485 Configuration, IP Configuration, Device Management, Contact (which is the active tab), and Logout. On the right side of the page is a logo consisting of a stylized 'G' and '5'. Below the navigation bar, the word 'Contact' is centered above a table. The table has two rows: 'Homepage' with the value 'www.gc5.pl' and 'Support' with the value 'support@gc5.pl'.

Figure 43. Contact page view

5 Modbus TCP/IP Modules

5.1 Modbus TCP/IP

The device simultaneously supports up to **4 Modbus TCP clients**. If a fifth device wants to connect to the module, the TCP connection will be rejected. In order to secure the module before filling up the call list, a mechanism was introduced as a mechanism for monitoring each of the Modbus TCP connections. There is a parameter called **Modbus TCP Communication Timeout** (default 60s). If during this time no requests come from the Modbus TCP client, the module closes the connection.

To read the internal registers of the module, the correct MODBUS TCP frame needs to be generated with an address according to the setting of a dipswitch. If the address is different, the frame will be sent to the RS485 port.

If the module receives an incorrect MODBUS TCP frame, it sends back a frame with error code:

0x01 - if the function code in the query is not supported

0x02 - if the address of the register is invalid

0x03 - if there is an improper amount of data in the query

If the query is correct, the device instantly generates an answer with the data or an acknowledgement of the receipt of data, depending on the query.

5.2 Module as Modbus TCP/IP Gateway to RS485

All IP version modules are equipped with a built-in Modbus TCP/IP for RS485 gateway, which allows for establishing a connection with RS485, additional I/O modules, or 3rd party Modbus devices. In order to ensure proper operation of the Modbus Gateway, please make sure that all parameters of RS485 (Baud Rate, Stop Bits, etc.) of all the devices connected to RS485 (Gateway and additional I/O modules/devices) are the same.

Operation of the gateway is based on checking the Modbus address in the Modbus TCP query. If the address is different from the one set on the DIP switch, the data frame from the query is converted to Modbus RTU/ASCII and sent to the RS485 port. Then the module waits for an answer from the device connected to the RS485; if the slave does not respond within the estimated time defined by the **RS485 Timeout** (default 500ms), an exception response will be given: error code 0x0B. If the slave answered the correct frame, it is converted to Modbus TCP and sent to the master.

In case of not receiving a valid frame, the module in the gateway functionality sends error code 0x0B. When receiving this error code, some systems do not repeat the query in accordance with the settings. No retry may result in an immediate going point to down mode. That is why the modules have the ability to block sending the information about errors (**Send Modbus Errors** setting from the built-in web or iSMA Configurator). Then, in the absence of any response, the system retries the request according to the settings.

Note: The iSMA MIX and MINI IP modules have the Modbus TCP/IP to RS485 gateway functionality active also if configured as a BACnet IP device.

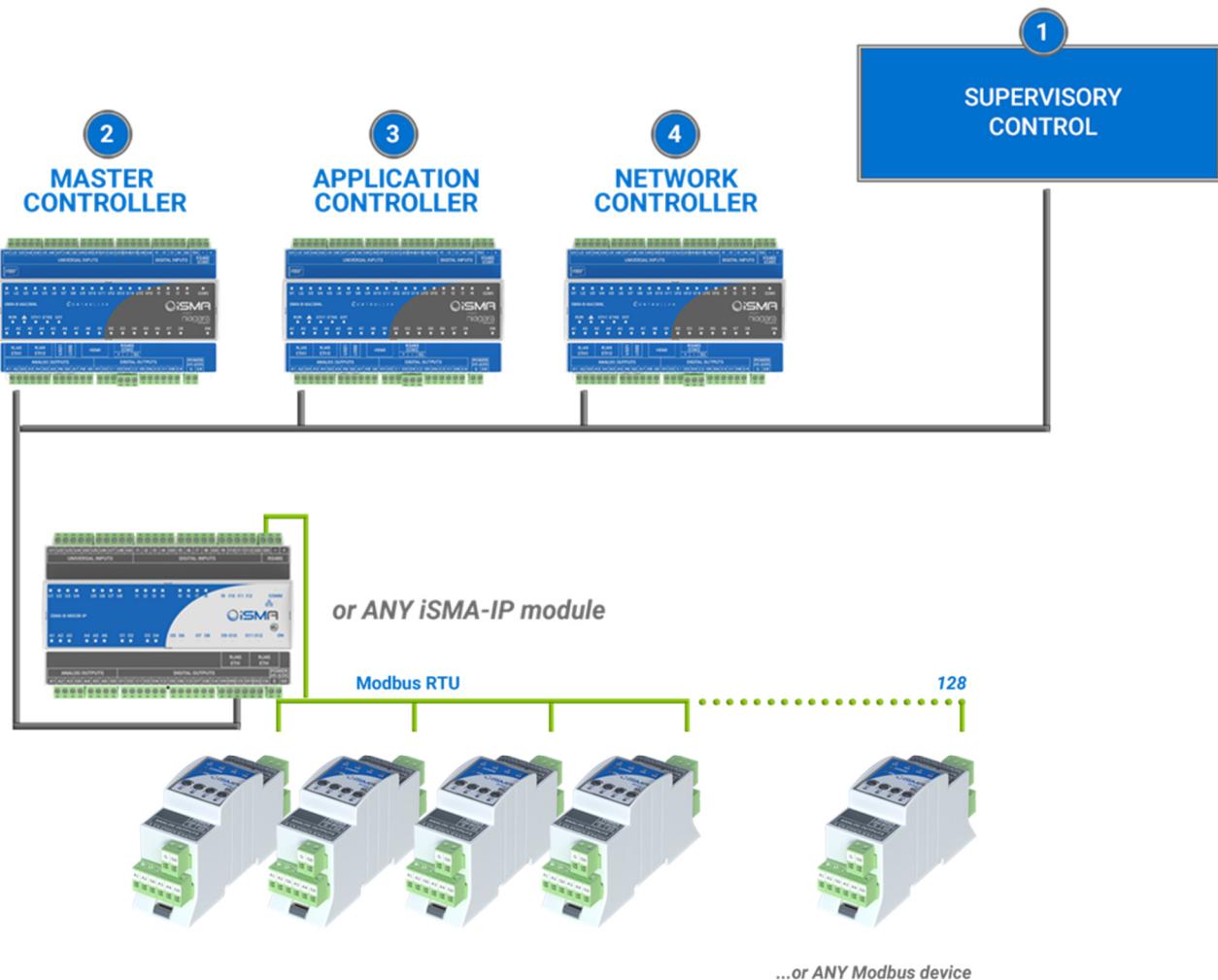


Figure 44. Gateway Modbus TCP/IP to RS485; an example

6 List of All Modbus Registers

Below is a table with all the registers available for all types of modules. Please notice that for some types of modules some of the registers are not available according to the physical number and types of Inputs and Outputs.

Modbus Addr	Dec Addr	Hex Addr	Register name	Access	Description
30001	0	0x00	VERSION AND MODULE TYPE	Read Only	
30002	1	0x01	MODULE ADDRESS (state of switch)	Read Only	
30003	2	0x02	BAUD RATE AND PROTOCOL (state of the switch)	Read Only	
30004	3	0x03	COUNTER OF RECEIVED FRAMES (32 – bits)	Read Only	Default state is 0 Reset at the unit start and change of transmission parameters.
30006	5	0x05	COUNTER OF FRAMES WITH ERROR (32 – bits)	Read Only	Default state is 0 Reset at the unit start and change of transmission parameters.
30008	7	0x07	COUNTER OF SENT FRAMES (32 – bits)	Read Only	Default state is 0 Reset at the unit start and change of transmission parameters.
30012	11	0x0B	UP TIME	Read Only	This 32-bit register contains module counting time in seconds from the last powering up or module reset
30015	14	0x0E	STATUS OF MANUAL OPERATION	Read Only	Status of manual operation DO, TO, and AO for MINI series modules
30016	15	0x0F	STATE OF DIGITAL INPUTS	Read Only	
30017	16	0x10	STATE OF UNIVERSAL INPUTS WORKING AS DIGITAL INPUTS	Read Only	Status of Universal Inputs operating as digital inputs
40001	0	0x00	DEVICE ACTIONS	Read/write	Allows for enabling 1 of 3 device actions
40018	17	0x11	STATE OF DIGITAL OUTPUTS	Read/write	State of Digital Outputs
40019	18	0x12	STATE OF ANALOG OUTPUTS WORKING AS DIGITAL OUTPUTS	Read/write	State of Analog Outputs operating as Digital Outputs
40020	19	0x13	DIGITAL INPUTS COMMAND REGISTER	Read/write	Digital Inputs command register
40021	20	0x14	DIGITAL INPUTS BLOCKING	Read/write	Digital Inputs blocking register

Modbus Addr	Dec Addr	Hex Addr	Register name	Access	Description
40022	21	0x15	COUNTER RESET	Read/write	Sets bit in register to reset the corresponding counter.
40023	22	0x16	COUNTER 1 LSB	Read/write	32-bit counters for each of the Digital Input counting pulses.
40024	23	0x17	COUNTER 1 MSB	Memory	
40025	24	0x18	COUNTER 2 LSB	Read/write	
40026	25	0x19	COUNTER 2 MSB	Memory	
40027	26	0x1A	COUNTER 3 LSB	Read/write	
40028	27	0x1B	COUNTER 3 MSB	Memory	
40029	28	0x1C	COUNTER 4 LSB	Read/write	
40030	29	0x1D	COUNTER 4 MSB	Memory	
40031	30	0x1E	COUNTER 5 LSB	Read/write	
40032	31	0x1F	COUNTER 5 MSB	Memory	
40033	32	0x20	COUNTER 6 LSB	Read/write	
40034	33	0x21	COUNTER 6 MSB	Memory	
40035	34	0x22	COUNTER 7 LSB	Read/write	Voltage measurement value is expressed in mV.
40036	35	0x23	COUNTER 7 MSB	Memory	
40037	36	0x24	COUNTER 8 LSB	Read/write	
40038	37	0x25	COUNTER 8 MSB	Memory	
40039	38	0x26	COUNTER 9 LSB	Read/write	
40040	39	0x27	COUNTER 9 MSB	Memory	
40041	40	0x28	COUNTER 10 LSB	Read/write	
40042	41	0x29	COUNTER 10 MSB	Memory	
40043	42	0x2A	COUNTER 11 LSB	Read/write	
40044	43	0x2B	COUNTER 11 MSB	Memory	
40045	44	0x2C	COUNTER 12 LSB	Read/write	
40046	45	0x2D	COUNTER 12 MSB	Memory	
30071	70	0x46	UIVERSAL INPUT VOLTAGE 1	Read Only	Formula for the current measurements: $I = \frac{U}{200}$ where: U – register value, 200 – value of attached resistor
30072	71	0x47	UIVERSAL INPUT TEMPERATURE 1	Read Only	
30073	72	0x48	UIVERSAL INPUT VOLTAGE 2	Read Only	
30074	73	0x49	UIVERSAL INPUT TEMPERATURE 2	Read Only	

Modbus Addr	Dec Addr	Hex Addr	Register name	Access	Description
30075	74	0x4A	UIVERSAL INPUT VOLTAGE 3	Read Only	Temperature is expressed in Celsius degrees * 10 For a result, divide the register value by 10: $T = \frac{\text{registervalue}}{10}$ Selection of the type sensor is completed UNIVERSAL INPUT CONFIGURATION register from 40151 to 40158 for each input separately
30076	75	0x4B	UIVERSAL INPUT TEMPERATURE 3	Read Only	
30077	76	0x4C	UIVERSAL INPUT VOLTAGE 4	Read Only	
30078	77	0x4D	UIVERSAL INPUT TEMPERATURE 4	Read Only	
30079	78	0x4E	UIVERSAL INPUT VOLTAGE 5	Read Only	
30080	79	0x4F	UIVERSAL INPUT TEMPERATURE 5	Read Only	
30081	80	0x50	UIVERSAL INPUT VOLTAGE 6	Read Only	
30082	81	0x51	UIVERSAL INPUT TEMPERATURE 6	Read Only	
30083	82	0x52	UIVERSAL INPUT VOLTAGE 7	Read Only	
30084	83	0x53	UIVERSAL INPUT TEMPERATURE 7	Read Only	
30085	84	0x54	UIVERSAL INPUT VOLTAGE 8	Read Only	
30086	85	0x55	UIVERSAL INPUT TEMPERATURE 8	Read Only	
30087	86	0x56	UIVERSAL INPUT VOLTAGE 1	Read Only	
30088	87	0x57	UIVERSAL INPUT VOLTAGE 2	Read Only	
30089	88	0x58	UIVERSAL INPUT VOLTAGE 3	Read Only	
30090	89	0x59	UIVERSAL INPUT VOLTAGE 4	Read Only	
30091	90	0x5A	UIVERSAL INPUT VOLTAGE 5	Read Only	
30092	91	0x5B	UIVERSAL INPUT VOLTAGE 6	Read Only	
30093	92	0x5C	UIVERSAL INPUT VOLTAGE 7	Read Only	
30094	93	0x5D	UIVERSAL INPUT VOLTAGE 8	Read Only	
30095	94	0x5E	UIVERSAL INPUT	Read Only	

Modbus Addr	Dec Addr	Hex Addr	Register name	Access	Description
			TEMPERATURE 1		
30096	95	0x5F	UIVERSAL INPUT TEMPERATURE 2	Read Only	
30097	96	0x60	UIVERSAL INPUT TEMPERATURE 3	Read Only	
30098	97	0x61	UIVERSAL INPUT TEMPERATURE 4	Read Only	
30099	98	0x62	UIVERSAL INPUT TEMPERATURE 5	Read Only	
30100	99	0x63	UIVERSAL INPUT TEMPERATURE 6	Read Only	
30101	100	0x64	UIVERSAL INPUT TEMPERATURE 7	Read Only	
30102	101	0x65	UIVERSAL INPUT TEMPERATURE 8	Read Only	
30103	102	0x66	RESISTIVE INPUT 1 LSB	Read Only	Resistance measurement result expressed in Ω
30104	103	0x67	RESISTIVE INPUT 1 MSB	Read Only	
30105	104	0x68	RESISTIVE INPUT 2 LSB	Read Only	
30106	105	0x69	RESISTIVE INPUT 2 MSB	Read Only	
30107	106	0x6A	RESISTIVE INPUT 3 LSB	Read Only	
30108	107	0x6B	RESISTIVE INPUT 3 MSB	Read Only	
30109	108	0x6C	RESISTIVE INPUT 4 LSB	Read Only	
30110	109	0x6D	RESISTIVE INPUT 4 MSB	Read Only	
30111	110	0x6E	RESISTIVE INPUT 5 LSB	Read Only	
30112	111	0x6F	RESISTIVE INPUT 5 MSB	Read Only	
30113	112	0x70	RESISTIVE INPUT 6 LSB	Read Only	
30114	113	0x71	RESISTIVE INPUT 6 MSB	Read Only	
30115	114	0x72	RESISTIVE INPUT 7 LSB	Read Only	
30116	115	0x73	RESISTIVE INPUT 7 MSB	Read Only	
30117	116	0x74	RESISTIVE INPUT 8 LSB	Read Only	
30118	117	0x75	RESISTIVE INPUT 8 MSB	Read Only	
40121	120	0x78	VALUE OF ANALOG OUTPUT 1	Read/write	The voltage at the Analog Outputs expressed in mV within the range from 0 to 10000 mV
40122	121	0x79	VALUE OF ANALOG OUTPUT 2	Read/write	
40123	122	0x7A	VALUE OF ANALOG OUTPUT 3	Read/write	
40124	123	0x7B	VALUE OF ANALOG	Read/write	

Modbus Addr	Dec Addr	Hex Addr	Register name	Access	Description												
			OUTPUT 4														
40125	124	0x7C	VALUE OF ANALOG OUTPUT 5	Read/write													
40126	125	0x7D	VALUE OF ANALOG OUTPUT 6	Read/write													
30125	124	0x7C	HAND STATUS VALUE 1	Read Only	The current value of Analog Output in the hand mode for MINI with AO												
30126	125	0x7D	HAND STATUS VALUE 2	Read Only													
30127	126	0x7E	HAND STATUS VALUE 3	Read Only													
30128	127	0x7F	HAND STATUS VALUE 4	Read Only													
30130	129	0x81	HARDWARE_VERSION	Read Only	The current hardware version of a device												
30131	130	0x82	MAC_ADDRESS (32 – bits)	Read Only	The MAC address of a device												
40136	135	0x87	BAUD RATE	Read/write Memory	Transmission speed is defined by the user calculated using the formula: $Baudrate = (registervalue) \cdot 10$ The value is considered only when sections 1, 2, and 3 of S3 switch are in the OFF position The default value is 7680 (76800 bps)												
40137	136	0x88	STOP BITS	Read/write Memory	Supported values are 1 and 2 The default value is 1												
40138	137	0x89	DATA BITS	Read/write Memory	Supported values are 7 and 8 The default value is 8												
40139	138	0x8A	PARITY BIT	Read/write Memory	Parity Bit (40139) The default value is 0 (no parity) Allowed values: <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <thead> <tr> <th>Value</th> <th>Description</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0 (default)</td> <td>None</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>Odd</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>Even</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>Always 1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4</td> <td>Always 0</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Value	Description	0 (default)	None	1	Odd	2	Even	3	Always 1	4	Always 0
Value	Description																
0 (default)	None																
1	Odd																
2	Even																
3	Always 1																
4	Always 0																
40140	139	0x8B	RESPONSE DELAY	Read/write Memory	Delay in ms before sending the response The default value is 0.												
40141	140	0x8C	WATCHDOG TIME	Read/write Memory	Time in second before watchdog reset in case no transmission. A value of 0 disables Watchdog. The default value is 0s												
40143	142	0x8E	DEFAULT STATE OF	Read/write	State of Digital Outputs assigned at the												

Modbus Addr	Dec Addr	Hex Addr	Register name	Access	Description
			DIGITAL OUTPUTS	Memory	start of the module and watchdog reset. The default value is 0.
40144	143	0x8F	DEFAULT STATE OF ANALOG OUTPUTS (DIGITAL)	Read/write Memory	State of Analog Outputs assigned at the start of the module and watchdog reset. The default value is 0.
40145	144	0x90	DEFAULT STATE OF ANALOG OUTPUT 1	Read/write Memory	In the registers is stored value that appears at the Analog Output after power on or watchdog reset. The default value is 0.
40146	145	0x91	DEFAULT STATE OF ANALOG OUTPUT 2	Read/write Memory	
40147	146	0x92	DEFAULT STATE OF ANALOG OUTPUT 3	Read/write Memory	
40148	147	0x93	DEFAULT STATE OF ANALOG OUTPUT 4	Read/write Memory	
40149	148	0x94	DEFAULT STATE OF ANALOG OUTPUT 5	Read/write Memory	
40150	149	0x95	DEFAULT STATE OF ANALOG OUTPUT 6	Read/write Memory	
40151	150	0x96	UNIVERSAL INPUT CONFIGURATION 1	Read/write Memory	Configuration of Universal Input and type of temperature sensor. The default value is 1.
40152	151	0x97	UNIVERSAL INPUT CONFIGURATION 2	Read/write Memory	
40153	152	0x98	UNIVERSAL INPUT CONFIGURATION 3	Read/write Memory	
40154	153	0x99	UNIVERSAL INPUT CONFIGURATION 4	Read/write Memory	
40155	154	0x9A	UNIVERSAL INPUT CONFIGURATION 5	Read/write Memory	
40156	155	0x9B	UNIVERSAL INPUT CONFIGURATION 6	Read/write Memory	
40157	156	0x9C	UNIVERSAL INPUT CONFIGURATION 7	Read/write Memory	
40158	157	0x9D	UNIVERSAL INPUT CONFIGURATION 8	Read/write Memory	
Value	Description / Sensor				
0	Resistance measurement off				
1	10K3A1 NTC				
2	10K4A1 NTC				
3	10K NTC Carel				
4	20K6A1 NTC				
5	2,2K3A1 NTC B=3975K				
6	3K3A1 NTC				
7	30K6A1 NTC				
8	SIE1				
9	TAC1				
10	SAT1				
16	Pt1000				
17	Ni1000				
+128	Voltage measurement off				

Modbus Addr	Dec Addr	Hex Addr	Register name	Access	Description
40159	158	0x9E	FILTER TIME CONSTANT OF THE UNIVERSAL INPUT 1	Read/write Memory	Filter time constant, expressed in seconds in the range from 0 to 60 seconds. A value of 0 disables the filter. The default value is 2s.
40160	159	0x9F	FILTER TIME CONSTANT OF THE UNIVERSAL INPUT 2	Read/write Memory	
40161	160	0xA0	FILTER TIME CONSTANT OF THE UNIVERSAL INPUT 3	Read/write Memory	
40162	161	0xA1	FILTER TIME CONSTANT OF THE UNIVERSAL INPUT 4	Read/write Memory	
40163	162	0xA2	FILTER TIME CONSTANT OF THE UNIVERSAL INPUT 5	Read/write Memory	
40164	163	0xA3	FILTER TIME CONSTANT OF THE UNIVERSAL INPUT 6	Read/write Memory	
40165	164	0xA4	FILTER TIME CONSTANT OF THE UNIVERSAL INPUT 7	Read/write Memory	
40166	165	0xA5	FILTER TIME CONSTANT OF THE UNIVERSAL INPUT 8	Read/write Memory	
40167	166	0xA6	RESOLUTION OF THE UNIVERSAL INPUTS	Read/write Memory	Resolution of the Analog Inputs. When a bit is set, the measurement at corresponding input is performed with 16-bit resolution. By default, all the measurements are performed with 12-bit resolution.
40168	167	0xA7	ANALOG OUTPUT CONFIGURATION 1	Read/write Memory	Configures the mode of the Analog Output according to the following table:
40169	168	0xA8	ANALOG OUTPUT CONFIGURATION 2	Read/write Memory	
40170	169	0xA9	ANALOG OUTPUT CONFIGURATION 3	Read/write Memory	
40171	170	0xAA	ANALOG OUTPUT CONFIGURATION 4	Read/write Memory	
40172	171	0xAB	ANALOG OUTPUT CONFIGURATION 5	Read/write Memory	
40173	172	0xAC	ANALOG OUTPUT	Read/write	

Modbus Addr	Dec Addr	Hex Addr	Register name	Access	Description
			CONFIGURATION 6	Memory	
40176	175	0xAF	DIGITAL INPUT 1 CONFIGURATION MODE	Read/write Memory	DIGITAL INPUT CONFIGURATION MODE
40177	176	0xB0	DIGITAL INPUT 1 TIME VALUE	Read/write Memory	
40178	177	0xB1	DIGITAL INPUT 1 SETPOINT	Read/write Memory	
40179	178	0xB2	DIGITAL INPUT 1 DIFFERENTIAL	Read/write Memory	
40180	179	0xB3	DIGITAL INPUT 2 CONFIGURATION MODE	Read/write Memory	
40181	180	0xB4	DIGITAL INPUT 2 TIME VALUE	Read/write Memory	
40182	181	0xB5	DIGITAL INPUT 2 SETPOINT	Read/write Memory	
40183	182	0xB6	DIGITAL INPUT 2 DIFFERENTIAL	Read/write Memory	
40184	183	0xB7	DIGITAL INPUT 3 CONFIGURATION MODE	Read/write Memory	
40185	184	0XB8	DIGITAL INPUT 3 TIME VALUE	Read/write Memory	
40186	185	0xB9	DIGITAL INPUT 3 SETPOINT	Read/write Memory	DIGITAL INPUT TIME VALUE in [ms] or in [s] – depending on mode selection
40187	186	0xBA	DIGITAL INPUT 3 DIFFERENTIAL	Read/write Memory	
40188	187	0xBB	DIGITAL INPUT 4 CONFIGURATION MODE	Read/write Memory	
40189	188	0xBC	DIGITAL INPUT 4 TIME VALUE	Read/write Memory	
40190	189	0xBD	DIGITAL INPUT 4 SETPOINT	Read/write Memory	
40191	190	0xBE	DIGITAL INPUT 4 DIFFERENTIAL	Read/write Memory	DIFFERENTIAL in °C multiplied by 10 Default value = 0

7 List of Supported Temperature Sensors

No Sensor β coefficient Manufacturers	1 10K3A1 3975K Aquatrol, Cylon, Honeywell, Johnson, Satchwell, Seachange	No Sensor β coefficient Manufacturers	2 10K4A1 3695K Andover, Delta Controls, Siebe, York
$^{\circ}\text{C}$	Ω	$^{\circ}\text{C}$	Ω
-50	667828	-50	441667
-45	491749	-45	330749
-40	335671	-40	239831
-35	241840	-35	181532
-30	176683	-30	135233
-25	131251	-25	105081
-20	96974	-20	78930
-15	72895	-15	61030
-10	55298	-10	47549
-5	42314	-5	37316
0	32650	0	29490
5	25396	5	23462
10	19904	10	18787
15	15714	15	15136
20	12494	20	12268
25	10000	25	10000
30	8056	30	8197
35	6530	35	6754
40	5325	40	5594
45	4367	45	4656
50	3601	50	3893
55	2985	55	3271
60	2487	60	2760
65	2082	65	2339
70	1751	70	1990
75	1480	75	1700
80	1256	80	1458
85	1070	85	1255

No	1	No	2
90	916	90	1084
95	787	95	939
100	678	100	817
105	587	105	713
110	510	110	624
115	444	115	547
120	388	120	482
125	340	125	426

No	3	No	4
Sensor	10K Carel	Sensor	20K6A1
β coefficient	3435K	β coefficient	4262K
$^{\circ}\text{C}$	Ω	Manufacturers	Honeywell
		$^{\circ}\text{C}$	Ω
-45	247700	-40	806800
-40	188500	-35	574400
-35	144100	-30	413400
-30	111300	-25	300400
-25	86430	-20	220600
-20	67770	-15	163480
-15	53410	-10	122260
-10	42470	-5	92220
-5	33900	0	70140
0	27280	5	53780
5	22050	10	41540
10	17960	15	32340
15	14690	20	25340
20	12090	25	20000
25	10000	30	15886
30	8313	35	12698
35	6940	40	10212
40	5827	45	8260
45	4912	50	6718
50	4161	55	5494
55	3536	60	4518
60	3020	65	3732
65	2588	70	3098
70	2228	75	2586
75	1924	80	2166
80	1668	85	1823
85	1451	90	1541
90	1266	95	1308
95	1108	100	1114
100	973	105	953
105	857	110	818

No	3	No	4
110	758	115	704
115	672	120	609
120	597	125	528
125	531		

No	5	No	6
Sensor	2.2K3A1	Sensor	3K3A1
β coefficient	3975K	β coefficient	3975K
Manufacturers	<i>Ambiflex, Johnson</i>	Manufacturers	<i>Alerton</i>
$^{\circ}\text{C}$	Ω	$^{\circ}\text{C}$	Ω
-50	150395	-50	200348
-45	112994	-45	150524
-40	75593	-40	100701
-35	57691	-35	76853
-30	39789	-30	53005
-25	30814	-25	41048
-20	21839	-20	29092
-15	16416	-15	21868
-10	12453	-10	16589
-5	9529	-5	12694
0	7353	0	9795
5	5719	5	7619
10	4482	10	5971
15	3539	15	4714
20	2814	20	3748
25	2252	25	3000
30	1814	30	2417
35	1471	35	1959
40	1199	40	1598
45	983	45	1310
50	810	50	1080
55	672	55	896
60	560	60	746
65	468	65	625
70	394	70	526
75	333	75	444
80	282	80	377
85	241	85	321
90	206	90	275
95	177	95	236
100	152	100	204

No	5	No	6
105	132	105	176
110	114	110	153
115	100	115	133
120	88	120	117
125	77	125	102

No	7	No	8
Sensor	30K6A1	Sensor	SIET
β coefficient	4262K	Manufacturers	Barber Colman, Siebe
Manufacturers	Drayton	°C	Ω
°C	Ω	-50	10732
-30	622911	-45	10624
-25	477393	-40	10517
-20	331876	-35	10344
-15	245785	-30	10172
-10	183697	-25	9913
-5	138502	-20	9654
0	105305	-15	9320
5	80713	-10	8933
10	62347	-5	8496
15	48511	0	8044
20	38019	5	7489
25	30000	10	6938
30	23828	15	6370
35	19046	20	5798
40	15317	25	5238
45	12390	30	4696
50	10079	35	4185
55	8243	40	3707
60	6777	45	3271
65	5600	50	2875
70	4650	55	2521
75	3879	60	2206
80	3251	65	1929
85	2737	70	1685
90	2313	75	1472
95	1963	80	1287
100	1672	85	1127
105	1430	90	986
110	1228	95	866
115	1058	100	760
120	915	105	670

No	7	No	8
125	793	110	590
		115	522
		120	462
		125	410

No	9	No	10
Sensor	TAC1	Sensor	SAT1
β coefficient	3500K	Manufacturers	Satchwell
Manufacturers	TAC	°C	Ω
°C	Ω	-50	9719
-40	39024	-45	9652
-35	29358	-40	9584
-30	22284	-35	9467
-25	17073	-30	9349
-20	13192	-25	9159
-15	10276	-20	8968
-10	8068	-15	8708
-5	6382	-10	8396
0	5085	-5	8031
5	4078	0	7614
10	3294	5	7150
15	2676	10	6649
20	2188	15	6121
25	1800	20	5580
30	1488	25	5039
35	1237	30	4513
40	1034	35	4012
45	869	40	3545
50	733	45	3117
55	622	50	2730
60	529	55	2386
65	453	60	2082
70	389	65	1816
75	335	70	1585
80	290	75	1385
85	252	80	1213
90	220	85	1064
95	192	90	937
100	169	95	828
105	149	100	734
110	131	105	654

No	9	No	10
115	116	110	585
120	103	115	525
125	92	120	474
		125	429

No	16	No	16
Sensor	Pt1000	Sensor	Pt1000
Manufacturers	Honeywell, Sauter, Serck, Siebe, Cylon	Manufacturers	Honeywell, Sauter, Serck, Siebe, Cylon
°C	Ω	°C	Ω
-50	803.1	310	2156.1
-40	842.7	320	2191.5
-30	882.2	330	2226.8
-20	921.6	340	2262.1
-10	960.9	350	2297.2
0	1000.0	360	2332.1
10	1039.0	370	2367.0
20	1077.9	380	2401.8
30	1116.7	390	2436.4
40	1155.4	400	2470.9
50	1194.0		
60	1232.4	No Sensor	17
70	1270.8		Ni1000
80	1309.0	Manufacturers	Sauter
90	1347.1		°C
100	1385.1	-50	742.6
110	1422.9	-40	791.3
120	1460.7	-30	841.5
130	1498.3	-20	893.0
140	1535.8	-10	945.8
150	1573.3	0	1000.0
160	1610.5	10	1055.5
170	1647.7	20	1112.4
180	1684.8	30	1170.6
190	1721.7	40	1230.1
200	1758.6	50	1291.1
210	1795.3	60	1353.4
220	1831.9	70	1417.2
230	1868.4	80	1482.5
240	1904.7	90	1549.4
250	1941.0	100	1617.8

No	16	No	16
260	1977,1	110	1687,9
270	2013,1	120	1759,8
280	2049,0	130	1833,4
290	2084,8	140	1909,0
300	2120,5	150	1986,6

No Sensor	18	No Sensor	19
	NI1000 21C (°C)		NI1000 LG (°C)
Manufacturers	Distech	Manufacturers	LG
	°C		Ω
-40	699,3	-50	790,9
-30	745,5	-40	830,8
-20	792,8	-30	871,7
-10	841,2	-20	913,5
0	891,0	-10	956,2
10	942,0	0	1000,0
20	994,3	10	1044,8
30	1047,8	20	1090,7
40	1102,6	30	1137,6
50	1158,5	40	1185,7
60	1215,8	50	1235,0
70	1274,3	60	1285,4
80	1334,4	70	1337,1
90	1407,8	80	1390,1
100	1473,1	90	1444,4
110	1524,0	100	1500,0
		110	1557,0
		120	1615,4
		130	1675,2
		140	1736,5
		150	1799,3

No	19	No	20
Sensor	10K Type II NTC	Sensor	10K Type III NTC
β coefficient	3975K	β coefficient	3695K
Manufacturers	Alerton	Manufacturers	Andowver
°F	Ω	°F	Ω
-40	336095	-40	239831
-35	279921	-35	203801
-30	233942	-30	173631
-25	196184	-25	148378
-20	165062	-20	127139
-15	139324	-15	109226
-10	117968	-10	94078
-5	100192	-5	81235
0	85346	0	70317
5	72910	5	61012
10	62464	10	53063
15	53660	15	46255
20	46222	20	40411
25	39919	25	35382
30	34563	30	31046
35	30001	35	27298
40	26104	40	24051
45	22767	45	21234
50	19903	50	18782
55	17439	55	16646
60	15313	60	14780
65	13476	65	13148
70	11884	70	11717
75	10501	75	10459
80	9298	80	9353
85	8249	85	8378
90	7333	90	7517
95	6530	95	6755
100	5826	100	6080

No	19	No	20
105	5208	105	5481
110	4663	110	4948
115	4182	115	4474
120	3757	120	4051
125	3381	125	3673
130	3047	130	3335
135	2751	135	3032
140	2487	140	2761
145	2252	145	2517
150	2042	150	2297
155	1855	155	2100
160	1687	160	1921
165	1536	165	1760
170	1401	170	1615
175	1279	175	1453
180	1169	180	1363
185	1070	185	1255
190	981	190	1156
195	901	195	1066
200	827	200	985
205	761	205	910
210	701	210	842
215	646	215	780
220	597	220	723
225	551	225	671
230	510	230	623
235	472	235	580
240	438	240	540
245	406	245	503
250	377	250	469

No	21	No	22
Sensor	20K NTC	Sensor	3K NTC
β coefficient	4262K	β coefficient	3975K
Manufacturers	Honeywell	Manufacturers	
$^{\circ}\text{F}$	Ω	$^{\circ}\text{F}$	Ω
-40	817605	-40	100618
-35	674624	-35	83827
-30	558679	-30	70079
-25	464299	-25	58783
-20	387186	-20	49468
-15	323956	-15	41763
-10	271927	-10	35367
-5	228972	-5	30042
0	193390	0	25593
5	163823	5	21866
10	139177	10	18735
15	118571	15	16096
20	101293	20	13865
25	86764	25	11975
30	74511	30	10369
35	64152	35	9000
40	55369	40	7831
45	47904	45	6830
50	41543	50	5971
55	36109	55	5232
60	31457	60	4594
65	27464	65	4043
70	24029	70	3565
75	21068	75	3150
80	18509	80	2789
85	16294	85	2475
90	14372	90	2200
95	12700	95	1959
100	11244	100	1748
105	9974	105	1562
110	8862	110	1399

No	21	No	22
115	7888	115	1254
120	7034	120	1127
125	6282	125	1014
130	5620	130	914
135	5036	135	825
140	4519	140	746
145	4062	145	676
150	3657	150	613
155	3297	155	556
160	2976	160	506
165	2691	165	461
170	2436	170	420
175	2209	175	384
180	2005	180	351
185	1823	185	321
190	1659	190	294
195	1512	195	270
200	1379	200	248
205	1260	205	228
210	1153	210	210
215	1055	215	194
220	967	220	179
225	888	225	165
230	816	230	153
235	750	235	142
240	691	240	131
245	637	245	122
250	588	250	113

No	18	No	19
Sensor	NI1000 32F (°F)	Sensor	NI1000 70F (°F)
Manufacturers	Distech	Manufacturers	Distech
°F	Ω	°F	Ω
-40	791,3	-40	699,3
-30	818,9	-30	724,8
-20	847,1	-20	750,7
-10	875,6	-10	776,9
0	904,6	0	803,4
10	933,9	10	830,3
20	963,7	20	857,7
30	993,9	30	885,4
40	1024,5	40	913,5
50	1055,5	50	942,0
60	1086,9	60	970,9
70	1118,7	70	1000,2
80	1151,0	80	1029,9
90	1183,6	90	1059,9
100	1216,7	100	1090,3
110	1250,2	110	1121,1
120	1284,1	120	1152,2
130	1318,5	130	1183,8
140	1353,4	140	1215,8
150	1388,5	150	1248,1
160	1424,2	160	1280,9
170	1460,3	170	1314,2
180	1497,0	180	1347,9
190	1534,1	190	1382,0
200	1571,7	200	1417,0
210	1609,8	210	1452,0
220	1648,4	220	1487,0
230	1687,9	230	1524,0
240	1727,3	240	1560,0
250	1767,6	250	1597,0

No	18
Sensor	PT1000 ($^{\circ}F$)
Manufacturers	Distech
$^{\circ}F$	Ω
-40	842,7
-30	864,7
-20	886,6
-10	908,5
0	930,3
10	952,2
20	973,9
30	995,7
40	1017,4
50	1039,0
60	1060,7
70	1082,2
80	1103,8
90	1125,3
100	1146,8
110	1168,3
120	1189,7
130	1211,1
140	1232,4
150	1253,7
160	1275,0
170	1296,2
180	1317,4
190	1338,6
200	1359,7
210	1380,8
220	1401,8
230	1422,9
240	1443,8
250	1464,8