

multi-16 generic I/O software (16/32 bits)



Module: multi-16

Software:

Name: Universal I/O

Version: 1.36

2022-03-22 Built:

Communication:

Protocol and parameters: Serial Modbus RTU over RS485, 8 databits, no parity, 1 stop-bit

Speed: 9600 or 38400 bps

Dip-switch #1 (marked "BR") on the PCB ON = 38400 bps

Dip-switch #1 (marked "BR") on the PCB OFF = 9600 bps

Wiring: Screw-connectors marked "A" (+) and "B" (-)

Communication channel is not galvanically isolated

Address: Modbus address is set using DIP-switches 2..8. They each represent a binary value as

indicated on the schedule on the next page. The address range is from 1 to 127.

Power supply: 24 Volt DC or AC (16-26 VAC)

Connections: Screw-terminal connectors C or D = 0 V

Screw-terminal connectors E or F = 24 V

Dual screw-terminals to enable easy daisy-chaining of the power supply.

I/O connections:

Inputs:	60,61	DI / Temperature (NTC10) / Resistance / 10k Potentiometer
	62,63	DI / Temperature (NTC10) / Resistance / 10k Potentiometer
	64,65	DI / Temperature (NTC10) / Resistance / 10k Potentiometer
	66,67	DI / Temperature (NTC10) / Resistance / 10k Potentiometer
	68,69	DI / Temperature (NTC10) / Resistance / 10k Potentiometer
	70,71	DI / Temperature (NTC10) / Resistance / 10k Potentiometer
	70 77	. (0. 40) ()

72,73 Voltage measurement (0..10V) 74,75 Voltage measurement (0..10V)

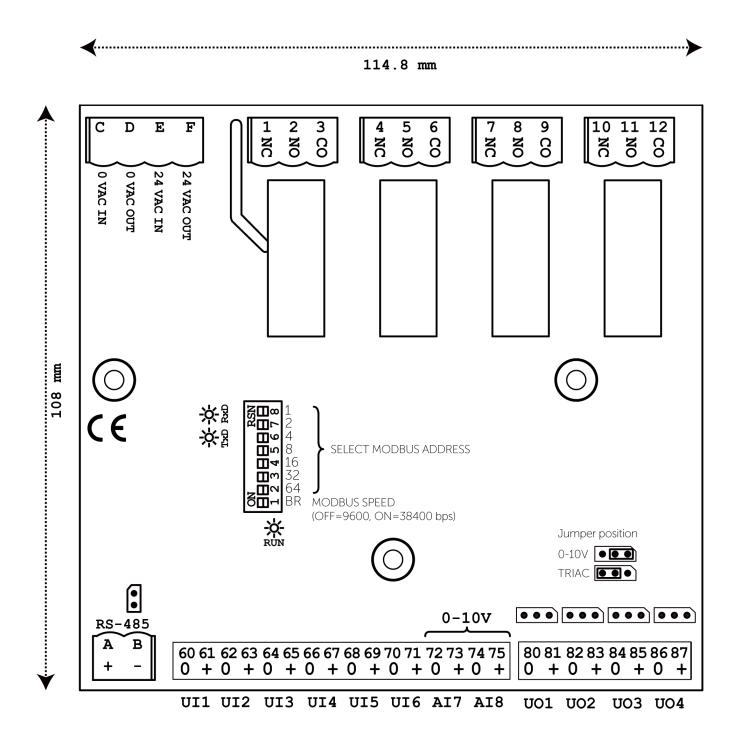
80.81 AO1 output (0..10V or TRIAC, selectable with jumper) Analogue outputs:

82.83 AO2 output (0..10V or TRIAC, selectable with jumper) 84.85 AO3 output (0..10V or TRIAC, selectable with jumper) 86.87 AO4 output (0..10V or TRIAC, selectable with jumper)

1,2,3 Relays: Relay 1 / DO1 (NC, NO, COMMON)

4,5,6 Relay 2 / DO2 (NC, NO, COMMON) Relay 3 / DO3 (NC, NO, COMMON) 7.8.9 10,11,12 Relay 4 / DO4 (NC, NO, COMMON)





Input channels 1..6 (60..71) can measure resistance, or be used as digital indication inputs.

Input channels 7 and 8 (72..75) can measure voltage input signals.

Analogue outputs 1..4 can send out 0..10V voltage signals, or PWM signals (TRIAC only available when the module is powered with AC current). The selection of the output signal is done by setting the corresponding jumper of each channel to the right position as indicated on the schedule above, right above connectors 80..87 (left position=TRIAC, right position=0..10V).



Measurements:

The multi-16 will provide all available measurement values at the same time (see register description). This means that you have to select the right registers to read from, while ignoring the "faulty" values in the other registers linked to the same input.

Modbus registers:

All registers are Holding registers and can be polled / written to using Modbus commands 3 (read), 6 (write single), or 16 (write multiple).

Reg8	Potentiometer Al1 (-100%100%)
Reg9	Potentiometer Al2 (-100%100%)
Reg10	Potentiometer Al3 (-100%100%)
Reg11	Potentiometer AI4 (-100%100%)
Reg12	Potentiometer Al5 (-100%100%)
Reg13	Potentiometer Al6 (-100%100%)

Reg14	Resistance Al1 (Ohm)
Reg15	Resistance Al2 (Ohm)
Reg16	Resistance Al3 (Ohm)
Reg17	Resistance Al4 (Ohm)
Reg18	Resistance AI5 (Ohm)
Reg19	Resistance AI6 (Ohm)

Reg20	Temperature Al1 (NTC10 - °C * 100)
Reg21	Temperature AI2 (NTC10 - °C * 100)
Reg22	Temperature AI3 (NTC10 - °C * 100)
Reg23	Temperature AI4 (NTC10 - °C * 100)
Reg24	Temperature AI5 (NTC10 - °C * 100)
Reg25	Temperature Al6 (NTC10 - °C * 100)

Reg26	Voltage measurement AI7 (010V * 100)
Reg27	Voltage measurement AI8 (010V * 100)

Reg28	AO-output 1 (Register value 010 000 → 010V or 0100%)
Reg29	AO-output 2 (Register value 010 000 → 010V or 0100%)
Reg30	AO-output 3 (Register value 010 000 → 010V or 0100%)
Reg31	AO-output 4 (Register value 010 000 → 010V or 0100%)

Reg32	Digital Input 1 (0/1)
Reg33	Digital Input 2 (0/1)
Reg34	Digital Input 3 (0/1)
Reg35	Digital Input 4 (0/1)
Reg36	Digital Input 5 (0/1)
Reg37	Digital Input 6 (0/1)

Daa70	Digital Inquit	off dolar in soo	anda lucad	for all digital inputs)
Rea38	Didital Inbut	OII-delay iri seci	onas tusea	for all digital inputs)

Reg39	Relay 1 control (0/1)
Reg40	Relay 2 control (0/1)
Reg41	Relay 3 control (0/1)
Reg42	Relay 4 control (0/1)

Reg43	DI-point that controls relay 1 (16, $0=n/a$)
Reg44	DI-point that controls relay 2 (16, $0=n/a$)
Reg45	DI-point that controls relay 3 (16, $0=n/a$)
Reg46	DI-point that controls relay 4 (16, $0=n/a$)



Reg47 Relay 1 current status (0/1)
Reg48 Relay 2 current status (0/1)
Reg49 Relay 3 current status (0/1)
Reg50 Relay 4 current status (0/1)

Reg51 DI 1 open/closed selection (0=normally open, 1=normally closed)
Reg52 DI 2 open/closed selection (0=normally open, 1=normally closed)
Reg53 DI 3 open/closed selection (0=normally open, 1=normally closed)
Reg54 DI 4 open/closed selection (0=normally open, 1=normally closed)
Reg55 DI 5 open/closed selection (0=normally open, 1=normally closed)
Reg56 DI 6 open/closed selection (0=normally open, 1=normally closed)

 Reg64+Reg65
 Resistance Al1 (Ohm - 32 bit - 64=MSB, 65=LSB)

 Reg66+Reg67
 Resistance Al2 (Ohm - 32 bit - 66=MSB, 67=LSB)

 Reg68+Reg69
 Resistance Al3 (Ohm - 32 bit - 68=MSB, 69=LSB)

 Reg70+Reg71
 Resistance Al4 (Ohm - 32 bit - 70=MSB, 71=LSB)

 Reg72+Reg73
 Resistance Al5 (Ohm - 32 bit - 72=MSB, 73=LSB)

 Reg74+Reg75
 Resistance Al6 (Ohm - 32 bit - 74=MSB, 75=LSB)

Arranged per I/O, this same register table looks like this:

Input Channel 1:

Reg8 Channel 1 Potentiometer (-100%..100%)

Reg14 Channel 1 Resistance (Ohm)

Reg20 Channel 1 Temperature (NTC10 - °C * 100)

Reg32 Channel 1 Digital Input Status (0/1)

Reg51 Channel 1 Digital Input type selection (0=normally open, 1=normally closed)

Reg64+Reg65 Channel 1 Resistance (Ohm - 32 bit - 64=MSB, 65=LSB)

Connection: Resistance is measured between 60 and 61

Input Channel 2:

Reg9 Channel 2 Potentiometer (-100%..100%)

Reg15 Channel 2 Resistance (Ohm)

Reg21 Channel 2 Temperature (NTC10 - °C * 100)

Reg33 Channel 2 Digital Input Status (0/1)

Reg52 Channel 2 Digital Input type selection (0=normally open, 1=normally closed)

Reg66+Reg67 Channel 2 Resistance (Ohm - 32 bit - 66=MSB, 67=LSB)

Connection: Resistance is measured between 62 and 63

Input Channel 3:

Reg10 Channel 3 Potentiometer (-100%..100%)

Reg16 Channel 3 Resistance (Ohm)

Reg22 Channel 3 Temperature (NTC10 - °C * 100)

Reg34 Channel 3 Digital Input Status (0/1)

Reg53 Channel 3 Digital Input type selection (0=normally open, 1=normally closed)

Reg68+Reg69 Channel 3 Resistance (Ohm - 32 bit - 68=MSB, 69=LSB)

Connection: Resistance is measured between 64 and 65



Input Channel 4:

Reg11 Channel 4 Potentiometer (-100%..100%)

Reg17 Channel 4 Resistance (Ohm)

Reg23 Channel 4 Temperature (NTC10 - °C * 100)

Reg35 Channel 4 Digital Input Status (0/1)

Reg54 Channel 4 Digital Input type selection (0=normally open, 1=normally closed)

Reg70+Reg71 Channel 4 Resistance (Ohm - 32 bit - 70=MSB, 71=LSB)

Connection: Resistance is measured between 66 and 67

Input Channel 5:

Reg12 Channel 5 Potentiometer (-100%..100%)

Reg18 Channel 5 Resistance (Ohm)

Reg24 Channel 5 Temperature (NTC10 - °C * 100)

Reg36 Channel 5 Digital Input Status (0/1)

Reg55 Channel 5 Digital Input type selection (0=normally open, 1=normally closed)

Reg72+Reg73 Channel 5 Resistance (Ohm - 32 bit - 72=MSB, 73=LSB)

Connection: Resistance is measured between 68 and 69

Input Channel 6:

Reg13 Channel 6 Potentiometer (-100%..100%)

Reg19 Channel 6 Resistance (Ohm)

Reg25 Channel 6 Temperature (NTC10 - °C * 100)

Reg37 Channel 6 Digital Input Status (0/1)

Reg56 Channel 6 Digital Input type selection (0=normally open, 1=normally closed)

Reg74+Reg75 Channel 6 Resistance (Ohm - 32 bit - 74=MSB, 75=LSB)

Connection: Resistance is measured between 70 and 71

Input Channel 7:

Reg26 Channel 7 Voltage measurement (0..10V * 100)

Connection: Voltage signal input to 73 (GND to 72)

Input Channel 8:

Reg27 Channel 8 Voltage measurement (0..10V * 100)

Connection: Voltage signal input to 75 (GND to 74)

Common settings:

Reg38 Digital Input off-delay in seconds (used for all digital inputs)



Analogue Output 1:

Reg28 AO-output 1 (Register value 0..10 000 → 0..10V or 0..100%)

Connections: 0..10 Volt signal output from 81 (GND from 80)

TRIAC: 24VAC PWM (sink) with 24VAC from 81 and 0VAC from 80 TRIAC only available when the module is powered with 24 VAC

Analogue Output 2:

Reg29 AO-output 2 (Register value 0..10 000 → 0..10V or 0..100%)

Connections: 0..10 Volt signal output from 83 (GND from 82)

TRIAC: 24VAC PWM (sink) with 24VAC from 83 and 0VAC from 82 TRIAC only available when the module is powered with 24 VAC

Analogue Output 3:

Reg30 AO-output 3 (Register value 0..10 000 → 0..10V or 0..100%)

Connections: 0..10 Volt signal output from 85 (GND from 84)

TRIAC: 24VAC PWM (sink) with 24VAC from 85 and 0VAC from 84 TRIAC only available when the module is powered with 24 VAC

Analogue Output 4:

Reg31 AO-output 4 (Register value 0..10 000 → 0..10V or 0..100%)

Connections: 0..10 Volt signal output from 87 (GND from 86)

TRIAC: 24VAC PWM (sink) with 24VAC from 87 and 0VAC from 86 TRIAC only available when the module is powered with 24 VAC

Digital Output / Relay 1:

Reg39 Relay 1 control (0/1)

Reg43 DI-point that controls relay 1 (1..6, 0=n/a)

Reg47 Relay 1 current status (0/1)

Connections: Common=3, Normally Open=2, Normally Closed=1

Digital Output / Relay 2:

Reg40 Relay 2 control (0/1)

Reg44 DI-point that controls relay 2 (1..6, 0=n/a)

Reg48 Relay 2 current status (0/1)

Connections: Common=6, Normally Open=5, Normally Closed=4

Digital Output / Relay 3:

Reg41 Relay 3 control (0/1)

Reg45 DI-point that controls relay 3 (1..6, 0=n/a)

Reg49 Relay 3 current status (0/1)

Connections: Common=9, Normally Open=8, Normally Closed=7

Digital Output / Relay 4:

Reg42 Relay 4 control (0/1)

Reg46 DI-point that controls relay 4 (1..6, 0=n/a)

Reg50 Relay 4 current status (0/1)

Connections: Common=12, Normally Open=11, Normally Closed=10